Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it, that a Government of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum.

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Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

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EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

RUTHERFORD is firm against all Democratic intrigues.

"VETO number two" goes through the *Watchman* like a dose of croton oil.

PRESIDENT HAYES don't seem to mind the piteous howls of the opposition, but continues to send on his vetoes.

THE Grant movement is taking a peculiar turn in Ohio. In Toledo a regiment of young men is being organized to cast their first vote for the ex-President in 1880.

GIVE us back our "old commander" is the cry of every radical thief in the land.—*Democrat.*

And "give up back slavery with all its hellish doings," is the modest cry of every States' Rights Copperhead Democrat.

A NEW YORK firm has received the contract for building a 3,500 ton burden steamship for a French line, and several steamers for Brazil are being constructed on the Delaware.

"LET us go to the people," say the Democrats. "Amen!" shout the Republicans. "Come on with your issue," cry the people. "We're ready for it. We can tell a ballot from a bayonet."—*Commercial.*

THE *Watchman* also understands that the *Okalona States* is a Republican sheet. Why, dear bless your ignorant souls, don't you know that the Republican party is too decent to have one whit to do with the rebel sheet and its editors?

THE Democrats at Washington contemplate issuing an address to the country. The country isn't anxious to hear from a set of men who would, if they could, establish State Rights under the guise of a bill to prevent military interference.

FERNANDO WOOD, of New York, would like to starve the army by adjourning without passing the appropriation bill. If Congress fails to do its work, President Hayes will call for another session, and in this way bring the revolutionists to terms.

FRIENDS and relations of the Democratic party are, without further notice, invited to attend the funeral, which will occur in November, 1880, on election day. Samuel J. Tilden, of New York, will be chief mourner. The Republican party will have the funeral in charge.

JUDGE ASA PACKER died in Philadelphia on Saturday night. At the time of his death he was president of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company, and is supposed to have been the richest man in Pennsylvania. He was twice elected to Congress and ran for Governor in 1869 against ex-Governor Geary.

MR. HAYES, the Presidential Fraud, is again acting the part of sexton for the stalwarts of the Republican party. He will soon have the grave of that organization dug so deep, that there can be no resurrection.—*Democrat.*

You mean, gentlemen, just the opposite. Mr. Hayes has all along been digging a hole for the Democratic party, and with the assistance of your representatives in Congress, it must be confessed that he is succeeding admirably. The tomb will be completed by 1880, when we'll bury your party so deep that even the thought of resurrection would be shere folly.

THE Democratic papers of the North have been driven to desperation by the editor of that rebel sheet, the *Okalona States*. They have been trying to explain away the utterances of this red-mouthed fire-eater, but it seems hard to trump up a half-respectable excuse. The latest (and thinnest) dodge is that the *States* is hired by Republicans to talk in the manner it does. Do our Democratic contemporaries not know that it wouldn't be safe for a Republican to have anything to do with a newspaper within a hundred miles of Mississippi?

Another Veto.

President Hayes threw another bomb into the Democratic camp on Monday of last week by returning to Congress the military interference bill with a veto message attached. If possible the Democrats were more astounded than at first when they observed how nicely their scheme to further States Rights failed. The bill was a cunningly devised measure, calculated to mislead only the most careful observers. It lacked every element of good faith and sound statesmanship. It involved, most prominently, the deprivation of the Federal Government of the powers which rightfully belonged to it, and substituted therefor the authority of the States. This law would eventually lead to the disintegration of the Union and the upbuilding of the States as separate and distinct Governments. If a conflict were to occur between them, Uncle Sam would be powerless to demand peace and order.

After all, the great question at stake is not whether Federal soldiers shall or shall not, under any circumstances, be stationed at the polls, but whether the President shall be allowed to exercise the prerogative conferred upon him for wise purposes by the men who framed the government of the country. By successive acts of legislation, cited by Mr. Hayes in his message, the President is empowered to employ the military and naval forces of the United States to compel the observance of the Federal laws. This has been the law of the land from the time of Washington down to the present day, and this is the law the operation of which the Democratic party in Congress takes upon itself to circumscribe.

Happily for the general welfare of the country, President Hayes has exposed this wanton attempt at secession. He is willing to prevent military interference at elections, and is a firm advocate of that doctrine, but he is not willing to allow the Government to be shorn of supreme authority. President Hayes believes that the existing statutes are sufficient for the preservation of peace at the polls, and is even ready that other and stricter measures be adopted; but he wants them to be within the limits of constitutional law. To this proposition all patriotic Americans acquiesce. It is in harmony with Republican sentiment, as no man who loves liberty will submit to imposition in the exercise of his right of suffrage.

A DISPATCH to the *Press* says all the papers for Gov. Curtin's contest are printed and ready for use in the committee. Springer and other prominent Democrats think that, having declared a Democrat not elected as not entitled to a seat, they can, without exciting too much comment, declare another Democrat (Curtin), also not elected, as entitled to a seat. In the Curtin case the Democrats have expressed some private opinions, which, for the former reputation of the War Governor of Pennsylvania, it would have been well for him to have known in advance of this contest. One Democrat on the committee remarked that whatever may be the outcome of Curtin's contest it must be extremely mortifying to him that in a district in which some 7,000 majority was given for the Democratic candidate two years ago it has cost him (Curtin) a small fortune to get together enough testimony to make a showing of less than ninety illegal votes, in order to give him a bare majority and nominally entitle him to the seat now filled by Mr. Yocum, and acceptably to both parties. This case promises to attract considerable attention, on account of the feeling amongst the most prominent Democrats in the House against seating any man who has said and done so much to bring the Democratic party into disrepute.

ISN'T it more honorable to receive pay for advertising than to extort $1,000 from a corporation for the purpose of supporting it at Harrisburg?

THE movement to tax petroleum received its death blow in the House at Harrisburg on Wednesday last.

A Word of Advice.

In another column will be found a dispatch to the Philadelphia *Press*, in which is alleged that some wise Democrats say that it must have been mortifying to Curtin to be beat in a district that gave 7,000 Democratic majority two years ago. We do not desire to champion Governor Curtin's cause, but we believe in fair play, and are surprised that his so-called organ, the *Democrat*, of this place, allows this error, which has been repeated ever since the ex-Governor was a candidate, go unchallenged. The truth is, this 20th district has not and never had a Democratic majority of either five or seven thousand; but on the contrary, the actual Democratic majority is a little over 3,600. The Republicans should know and think of this. It is not a majority that we cannot overcome at the next election by effective work. Let us go to work, then, circulate reliable Republican documents among the people; let every good Republican become a missionary to teach the truth of Republicanism. The danger which threatens the Republic is imminent, and every loyal man should do all in his power to show his neighbors and friends that the future safety of our beloved land lies in the success of the glorious principles of the Republican party. The barbarous South is again obtaining control of the Government; the dangerous doctrine of State Rights is again being defiantly flaunted in the face of loyal men; apologists for treason speak out boldly in the Congress of the Nation. In fact, the time is at hand when every true patriot must work for his country.

The Fire Kindler.

Senator Ben Hill, of Georgia, is known in Congress as a fire-eater. In a late speech, Benjamin said that he went into the rebellion under protest, (not very strong, we guess) and that he actually prayed for the Union on the night that Georgia seceded. Whatever Mr. Hill's protests and prayers may have been when he went into the conflict, it isn't a bit uncertain that his christian (?) sentiments changed wonderfully during the fight. At a Georgia convention, immediately after the war, this protesting rebel made a speech, in which he expressed a desire that all the war legislation of the Federal Government could be gathered together and burned with fire from heaven. Heavenly things, evidently retained a place in his heart. Further, he only wanted to live for one office, and that was to act as kindler of this fire, but his mind has changed of late years, and he has been able to take a United States Senatorship, in connection with other small courtesies. Truly, a great change has been wrought. Does Hill remember the Union in his prayers now-a-days?

IT has been published that Senator Chandler intends to sue the Washington *Post* for libel in charging that he was drunk when he made his speech the other day. In an interview the Senator said he never had any such intention, and that the report originated with the editor of the *Post*, who was anxious that he should sue, but he (Chandler) preferred not to give him any notoriety. He said that he once knew a boy who was going home from Sunday-school and found himself in unpleasant association with a skunk. The boy threw his Bible at the skunk, but he spoiled his Bible and didn't hurt the skunk. Chandler says that the editor of the *Post* could not be punished by a libel suit, as he had neither character nor money, and as his only capital was notoriety he (Chandler) did not want to increase it.

EVERY Alabama congressman was a Confederate soldier, but there are mighty few Pennsylvania congressmen who were Union soldiers. Most of them are Republican stay-at-homes.—*Watchman.*

Which, if it isn't a lie, is a mighty sight more honorable than the first fact.

HUSTON'S TRICKS.

More About the Young Man who Stole $1,400 and Went West.

The following account of C. C. Hustons's career in the West is from the Concordia, Kansas *Empire*. Huston is the gentleman who stole checks signed in blank, filled them out to the amount of $1,400 and decamped, of which the REPUBLICAN made due notice a few weeks ago.

Early in April, says the *Empire*, a young man arrived in Concordia, stopped at the Commercial and registered as C. C. Snyder. He remained a week or ten days his object in coming here remaining a secret of his own. Certain developments, however, soon showed the "manner of the man," and may result in a meting out to him of well-deserving punishment.

One day said "Snyder" handed Mr. Randall of the Commercial, a check for $900.75 requesting him to procure for him the money. The check purported to have been drawn by Smith & Co., of Lewisburg, Pa., on the Lewisburg National Bank, in favor of said "Snyder." Meeting at the hotel Mr. McDonald, cashier of the Cloud Co, bank, Mr. Randall handed him the check. It was received, receipted for and forwarded to the bank above named with the request if O. K. the amount to be sent by draft on New York.

In due time a draft for the amount arrived, which indicated that all was right. Previous to this, however, the "lad" had "given himself away" by self-introduction as "Mr. Huston," and by this name he permitted himself to be generally introduced about town. This fact created suspicion largely additional to the suspicion previously aroused by the fact that from the first the man's conduct was of an unusual character; and while, ordinarily, the draft would have called for and warranted immediate payment, it was thought best by the bank officers here before payment to send the draft to their New York correspondent (the First National) and have it placed to their credit.

Huston, *alias* "Snyder," had ere this departed, and directly there came a request from Topeka for payment, and soon after others, both by letter and telegragh, from Atchinson, with a threat of legal proceedings should payment be longer deferred. And meanwhile there was a difficulty in the way of communicating by telegraph with Smith & Co., in the fact that young Huston is a telegraph operator, and was supposed to be watching the lines for the purpose of "capturing" dispatches personal to himself.

On Friday or Saturday last the bank authorities here received two dispatches from Smith & Co., of Lewisburg, the first announcing that the check was a forgery, and requesting the arrest of the forger, and the second indicating his probable whereabouts. This settled the matter, and on Monday Sheriff Wilson was sent down to Atchinson to secure the arrest of the offender. Marshal Benning's services were enlisted by the sheriff, and the precocious criminal was speedily "run down" and caged. It seems, from the Atchinson papers, that he cut a wide swath in that city, the *Champion* stating that the day he arrived at the Great Railroad Centre, "a sleek looking chap deposited his grip sack at the Otis House, and calling for the best room in the house, registered himself as C. C. Huston, and after telling several parties that he was a newly made millionaire, just in confidence, sailed out on our avenues, under the above appellations seeking whom he might devour."

Smith & Co., were at once notified of the arrest, and the following dispatch was received from the firm: "Officers on the way with the requisition from the Governor of Pennsylvania."

GEO. W. CHILDS, ESQ., from all account, hasn't as much acquaintance with General Grant as has the *Watchman* scribe.

Additional Local Matters.

—We counted ten wagons at market yesterday morning.

—The art sale at Bishop and Allegheny streets was well patronized.

—Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Garman are visiting in the eastern part of the State.

—Rev. H. S. Lundy, of Snow Shoe, called upon us while in town last Thursday.

—A new pavement has been laid on Lamb street along the property of Mrs. Lane.

—Mrs. Ellis, of Philadelphia, led the Y. M. C. A. meeting last Sunday afternoon.

—Newman says that it don't matter what others advertise, that he will always sell lower than the lowest. 20tf

—The pavement in front of Mrs. Roland Curtin's dwelling, corner of Howard and Allegheny streets, has been repaired.

—Word has been sent to the Malaga (N. J.) glassmakers to come on and take possession of the Bellefonte glass works. All financial arrangements have been completed.

—The High street bridge across Spring creek is being repaired. For a long time it has been considered unsafe, and now the principal timbers will be replaced with new ones.

—W. B. Butts, brother of David Butts, Esq., of this place, returned from California some time ago, and is visiting here. His friends here had not seen him for 28 years.

—Col. D. K. Tate, of this place, has been awarded the contract for building a school house in the Fourth Ward of Johnstown. Mr. Tate's bid was $2,500—$1,000 less than any other. Mr. Tate is a master builder, and will give satisfaction to the Johnstown school board.

—William Coe, Esq., the Lock Haven florist, was in Bellefonte last week with a lot of choice flowers, many of which he sold to our citizens. Mr. Coe is a florist of fine taste, and his productions are superior to anything we have yet seen. Ye associate scribe acknowledges the gift of a handsome fuchsia.

—P. B. Crider & Son are putting the necessary machinery in the old keg factory above Duncan & Hale's mill, to manufacture box shucks and lap boards. Box shucks are the parts necessary to make a complete box, and are shipped to the cities before being nailed together. T. R. Hamilton, Esq., will have charge of the factory.

—Mr. George Rhule, of Milesburg, was bitten on the left hand last Sunday week by a spider. The poison was so virulent that the hand became very sore, and required strict medical attention. The hand not only was swollen, but the entire arm became enlarged and unnatural. Dr. Potter is the attending physician.

—Postmaster Johnston showed us on Monday one of the $10 refunding certificates. They look something like a National bank note, though considerable larger. These certificates bear four per cent. interest, as stated last week, and they are convertible in four per cent. bonds in the sum of $50 or multiples therefor. Let every man, who has ten dollars to put away, buy one of these certificates, and it will add forty cents to its value every year. Mr. Johnson sold all he had—$20,000—in less than ten hours. He will have more in a few days.

—At the meeting of the Council on Monday night, the salary of the Chief of Police was raised from $12.50 to $16 per month, and that of the assistant from $8.33 to $10. The nuisance committee were ordered to lease ground and erect a suitable pound for the retention of animals found roaming at large in violation of an ordinance passed to prohibit the same. The dog tax ordinance is to be strictly enforced, and orders to that effect were given the High Constable. Our State Senator was requested, by unanimous consent, to strike off the proviso lately attached to the water bill now before the Legislature.

Newspaper Jottings.

—The New Castle *Paragraph* has departed this life.

—W. D. Howells, editor of the *Atlantic*, is forty-one.

—The large London dailies pay correspondents at the rate of two guineas per column.

—Col. Lee Crandall's new Greenback paper, the *National View*, has made its appearance at Washington.

—The editor of the London *Times* gets a salary of £2,000 and leader-writers are paid at the rate of from £1,200 to £1,500 per annum.

—George C. Harding, editor of the Indianapolis *Herald*, who attempted to shoot Editor Light, of the *Democrat*, has been adjudged insane.

—Newspaper men observe the eight-hour law in their division of labor. They believe in it so thoroughly that they put two days' work of eight hours each into one.—*Boston Post.*

—Mr. Thomas W. Eichelberger, who made quite a reputation upon the Keokuk *Contitution* as a paragrapher of humorous parts, has retired from the Toledo (O.) *Commercial*, with which he was latterly connected.

—The Louisville *Courier-Journal* recently issued one of its mammoth papers. It consisted of eight large pages, ten columns to a page. The *Courier-Journal* is said to have the largest press in the United States.

—The Philadelphia *Times* sends reporters to the various churches to count the worshippers. Wilkesbarre *Record of the Times* suspects that is only a trick of Col. McClure's for bringing his reporters under the influence of religion.

—An advertisement speaks of a boy, who is wanted "to feed on Gordon presses." We never have tried any, but feel certain, nevertheless, that they are indigestible.—*N. Y. Tribune.* A Gordon wouldn't be half so hard to digest as a steel *Hoe* or a hump-backed *Campbell.*

—The great Catholic paper to be printed in seven languages will soon appear in Rome, the Lateran palace having been set apart by the Pope for its composing, editorial and translating rooms.—*Proof Sheet.* No, thank you; we don't care about being the managing editor of that small concern.

—Mr. Josiah Cole, one of the publishers, with Dr. Morwitz, of the Easton *Argus*, died in that city Tuesday morning. He was a printer by trade, and in 1848 commenced journalism by publishing the *German Correspondent and Democrat* in Easton. He had served as Associate Judge and County Treasurer in Northampton county.

—Mr. J. H. McGreery's new Democratic paper, the *Weekly Record*, made its appearance on Thursday. It is published at Sewickley. The *Record* is a nine column paper, bright in its appearance and shows signs of careful editing. The editor says it will be Democratic without being unreasonably partizan, and intimates that he will criticise the party when he thinks criticism is deserved.

—The eagerness with which the New York *Herald* seeks the sensational and the horrible is shown in a brief telegraphic correspondence which passed between that great journal and its Pittsburgh correspondent one day this week. The correspondent telegraphs, "Four suicides here to-day—one of them particularly horrible. How much do you want?" The answer was soon flashed back, "Send five hundred words, chiefly devoted to the horrible one."—*Telegraph.*

—Some time ago George, the Count Joannes, commenced a suit for libel against the *Evening Journal*, of Jersey City, N. J., claiming damages for an article in the *Journal*, criticising his acting at a performance given in that city. The case was tried a few weeks ago, and the jury found a verdict for the Count, with six cents damages. Upon being tendered the amount of the damages, the Count thrust the proffered money aside, saying: "I entered into this case not for profit, but for reputation. I am successful, and I depart satisfied."—*Proof Sheet.* But he would have felt a little "satisfider" had he secured $10,000 instead of six cents damages.

Poetry.

YOUTH AND AGE.

I see the boys with bat and ball,
Though falls the noiseless shower;
But springtime laughs to hear them call,
For 'tis youth's blossom hour!
The girls are playing on the green,
Like birds with lightsome wings,
And when I gaze on such a scene
My heart leaps up and sings.

I half renew my golden prime
On such glad holiday;
Forget to sigh o'er flight of time,
And long to join ther play!
See! like a thing of life yon kite
Goes soaring up the sky,
With bits of tinsel flashing bright,
And bobbins swinging high.

Ah, care a moment flees away;
I bless that laughing throng.
For memory's bells this sunny day
Have chimed sweet boyhood's song!
A little rogue again, I climb,
Yea, ride the swinging limb;
Leaves dance to breezes' whispered rhyme,
Birds chant the great world's hymn.

May heaven bless each merry heart,
Prolong youth's blossom hour;
E'en frozen blood of age will start
When fields are all in flower!
What care I if my locks are gray,
These pulses thrill with fun!
More joyous grow the lads at play,
To see this gray beard run.

I go! I go! I'm with them now!
They shake their sunny curls,
And never heed my wrinkled brow,
The rosy, happy girls!
The child heart; oh, that precious boon
That makes the cheek so fair;
That rears for them this afternoon
Bright castles high in air!

—*George Griffith.*

LOVE AND MISCHIEF.

One sunny day Love chose to stray
Adown a rosy path unbidden,
Where Mischief deep in ambush lay,
And watched his snare 'neath flowers hidden;
Love, tumbling in, began to shout
For Mischief's aid, lest he should smother:
"You little demon, let me out,
Or I'll report you to my mother!"

Said Mischief: "I'll not set you free
Unless you share your powers with me,
And give of every heart you gain
One-half to joy and half to pain."
Love struggled, but in vain; alas!
He was not born to prove a martyr,
And, sad to tell, it came to pass
He gave in to the little tartar

Love flew to Venus in a pet,
And cried, when he had told his story:
"O queen of beauty, never let
That little imp wear half my glory!"
The goddess, with a look sedate,
Replied: "I cannot alter fate;
But you shall conquer still, my boy;
I'll make love's pain more sweet than joy."

Our Story Teller.

A Noble Gentleman.

A STORY OF AN OLD LADY.

I sat spinning at my little wheel in the sun, for the autumn day was cold, when I heard some one whistling, and, looking up, there was young 'Squire Turner, with his arms folded on the gate, looking over. When he caught my eye he laughed and blushed; and I rose and made him a courtesy.

He was a handsome gentleman, the 'Squire, and the hand from which he pulled the glove shimmered in the sun with pearls and diamonds; and he was bonny to look at, with his hair like spun gold in the October sunlight.

When I courtesied he bowed, making his curls dance over his shoulders, and, said he, "I've spoiled one pretty picture that I could have looked at all day, but I've made another as pretty, so I'll not grieve. May I come in?"

"And welcome, sir," said I; and I set a chair for him, for he was grandfather's landlord; but for all that I felt uncomfortable, for I was not used to fine company.

He talked away, paying no more compliments than I was used to, for grandmother, who brought me up, always said, "Handsome is as handsome does," and "Beauty is but skin deep."

Since I'm telling the story I'll tell the truth. I had done wrong about one thing. Neither of the old folks knew that I wore Evan Locke's ring in my bosom, or that we had taken a vow to each other under the hawthorn that grew in the church lane. I never meant to deceive, but grannie was old and a little hard of hearing, and that love of mine was such a sweet secret. Besides, money seems to outweigh all else when people have struggled all their life thro' to turn a penny, and they knew Evan was a poor, struggling surgeon. I thought I'd wait a while until I could sweeten the news with the fact that he had begun to make his fortune.

Grannie came in from the dairy five minutes after the 'Squire was gone, and heard he had been there. I didn't tell her of the fine speeches, but there was a keyhole to the door she came through, and I have a guess she heard them.

That night we had something else to think of. Misfortunes had come upon grandfather; but I didn't foresee that when the half year's rent should come due not a penny to pay it with would be found.

All this time Evan Locke and I had been as fond as ever of each other, and he came as often as before to talk with grandpa, on the winter nights, and still every little while our young landlord, 'Squire Turner, would drop in and sit in his lazy way watching me knit or spin. Once or twice he was flushed with wine, and over bold, for he tried to kiss me. But 'Squire or no, I boxed his ears for his pains, and no softer than I could help, either.

I could not help his coming, nor help seeing him when he came, and I did not desire that Evan should be angry with me. But he was. Eh, so high and mighty, and spoke as though one like the 'Squire could mean no good by coming to so poor a place as the schoolmaster's.

He made me angry and I spoke up.

"For that matter the 'Squire would be glad to have me promise to marry him," said I. "He thinks more of me than you do just now."

"Maybe you like him better," said Evan.

"I don't say that," I replied; "but bad temper and jealousy scarce make me over fond of another. I pray I may never have a husband who will scold me."

For he had been scolding me. There was no other name for it.

Well, Evan was wroth with me, and I with him—not heart deep, though, I thought—and I did not see him for more than a week. I wasn't troubled much, though. I knew he would come round again, and mayhap ask my pardon. For before you are wed you can bring your lover to his senses when you will.

So I did not fret after Evan's absence, nor snub 'Squire Turner, who liked me more than ever. But one night grandfather came in from a lonely ride, and, shutting the door, stood between grandmamma and me, looking at me so strangely that we both grew frightened. At last he spoke:

"I've been to the 'Squire's," said he. "For the first time I had to tell him that I could not pay his rent when due."

I opened my lips. Grandmamma's hand covered them. Grandpa drew me to him.

"Thou art young, lass," he said, "and they are right who call the pretty. Say, couldn't like the 'Squire well enough to wed him?"

"Eh?" cried grandma. "Sure, you're not wandering?"

"Squire Turner asked me for this lass of ours to-night. Of all women in the world there is but one he loves as he should his wife, and that is our Agatha."

"I dreamt of golden rings and a bunch of white roses on Christmas eve," cried grandma, "I knew that the lass would be lucky."

But I put my head on grandfather's shoulder and hid my face. The truth must out, I knew.

"Wilt have him, and be a rich lady?" said grandpa.

And when he had waited for an answer, I burst out with "no" and a sob together.

"She's frightened," said grandmamma. "Nay, we must all wed once in our lives, my child."

Then grandpa talked to me. He told me how poor they had grown, and how kind the 'Squire was, and I had but to marry him to make my grandparents free from debt and poverty their lives through. If I refused and vexed the 'Squire, heaven only knew what might happen.

"She'll never ruin her poor grandpapa," sobbed grandmamma.

Ah! it was bitter to bear—bitter hard; but now there was no help for it. I took the ring from my bosom and laid it in my palm, and told them that it was Evan Locke's, and that I had plighted my troth to him. And grandmamma called me a deceitful wench, and grandpa looked as though his heart would break.

Oh! would have done anything for them—anything but give up my true love.

That night I kissed his ring and prayed heaven that he might love me always. In the morning it was gone, ribbon and all, from my neck. I looked for it high and low; but found no sign of it. And I began to fear the loss of the dear ring was a sign that I would never marry Evan Locke. The days passed on and he never came near me.

"Oh, it was cruel in him," I thought, "to hold such anger for a hasty word he had provoked, when I spoke it that he must know that I loved him so."

And grandma would scarcely look at me (I know why now) and grandpa sighed and moaned, and talked of the workhouse. And I thought I should die of grief among them.

One day grandma said to me, "It seems that your sweetheart is not over fond of you, not over anxious to see you."

"Why not?" said I.

"Where has he been this month back?"

"Busy, doubtless," said I with a smile, though I thought my heart would burst.

"Perhaps you know all about it," said grandma. "You are going with him maybe."

"Where?"

She went to the kitchen door and beckoned in a woman who sat there—Dame Coombs, who had come over with some eggs.

"I heard you rightly," she said. "You told me Evan Locke and his mother were making ready for a voyage?"

"They're going to Canada. My son, a carpenter—and a good one, though I say it—made the doctor a box for his things. The old lady dreads the new country, but she goes for the doctor's sake. There's money to be made there, they say. That's what takes him."

"I told you so," said grandmother.

"I don't believe it," said I.

"They've sold the house and gone to Liverpool to take ship; and you may find the truth for yourself, if you choose to take the trouble," said Dame Coombs. "I'm no chatterbox, to tell falsehoods about my neighbors." And she went away in wrath.

And still I would not believe it till I had walked across the moor and had seen the shutters fast closed and the door barred, and not a sign of life about the place. Then I gave up hope. I went home all pale and trembling, and sat down at grandmamma's knee.

"It is true," said I.

"And for the sake of so false a lad you'll see your grandfather ruined, and break his heart, and leave me that has nursed you from a babe, a widow."

I looked at her as she sobbed, and I found strength to say:

"Give me to whom you will, then, since my own love does not want me."

And then I crept up stairs and sat down on my bedside, as weak as though I had fainted. I would have thanked heaven for forgetfulness just then, but it wouldn't come.

The next day 'Squire Turner was in the parlor as my accepted lover. How pleased he was; and how the color came back into grandfather's old face! And grannie grew so proud and kind, and all the house was aglow, and only I sad. But I couldn't forget Evan—Evan whom I loved so—sailing away from me without a word.

I suppose they all saw I looked sad. The 'Squire talked of my health, and would make me ride with him over the moors for strength.

The old folks said nothing. They knew what ailed me; only our little Scotch maid seemed to think there was aught wrong. Once she said to me:

"What ails ye, miss? Your eye is dull and your cheek is pale, and your braw grand lover canna make ye smile; ye are na that ill, either."

"No; I'm well enough," said I.

She looked at me wistfully.

"Gin ye'd tell me your ail, I might tell you a cure," she said.

But there was no cure for me in this world, and I couldn't open my heart to simple Jennie. So the days rolled by, and I was close on my marriage eve, and grannie and Dorothy Plume were busy with my wedding robes. I wished it was my shrowd they were working at, instead.

And one night the pain in my heart grew too great, and went out among the purple heather on the moor, and there knelt down under the stars and prayed to be taken from the world; "for how can I live without Evan?" I said.

I spoke the words aloud, and then started up in affright, for there at my side was an elfish little figure, and heard a cry that at first I scarce thought earthly. Yet it was but Scotch Jennie, who had followed me.

"Why do ye call for your true love now?" she said; "ye sent him fra ye for the sake o' the young 'Squire."

"How dare you follow and watch me?"

But she caught at my sleeve.

"Dinna be vexed," she said. "Just bide a wee, and answer what I speer. Its for love of you, for I've seen ye waste like the snaw wreath in the sun sin the 'Squire wooed ye. Was it your will the lad that loved the ground ye trod on should have his ring again?"

"What do you mean?" I said.

"I'll speak gin I lose my place," said Jennie. "I rode with the mistress to young Dr. Locke's place past the moor, and there she lighted and gave him a ring, and what she said I know not, but it turned him the tint o' death, and said he: 'There's na a drop o' true blud in a woman gin she is false.' And he turned to the wall and covered his eyes, and your grannie rode home. There, 'tis all I ken—will it do?"

"Ay, Jennie," said I; "heaven bless you."

And had I wings on my feet I could not have come to the cottage door sooner.

I stood before my grandmother, trembling and white, and I said: "Oh, don't tell me, grannie, you have cheated me and robbed me of my true love by a lie. Did you steal the troth ring from my neck and give it back to Evan, as if from me? You I've loved and honored my life long—I'd rather die than think it."

She turned scarlet.

"True love?" said she; "you've but one love now—'Squire Turner."

"You have done it!" I cried. "Its written in your face."

And she looked down to that and fell to weeping.

"My own true love was breaking his heart," she said. "My husband and I had loved for fifty years. I did it to save him. Could I let a girl's fancy worth nothing stand in my way, and see him a beggar in his old age? Oh, girl, girl!"

And then I fell down at her feet like a stone. I knew nothing for an hour or more; but then, when I was better, and they left me with Jennie, I bade her fetch my hood and coak and her own. Away I went across the moor in the starlight to where the hall windows were ablaze with light, and asked the housekeeper to let me see the 'Squire.

She stared at me for my boldness—no wonder—but called him. So in a moment he stood before me in his evening dress, with his cheeks flushed and his eyes bright, and led me into a little room and seated me.

"Agatha, my love, I hope no mischance brings you here," he began.

But I stopped him.

"Not your love, 'Squire Turner," I said. "I thank you for thinking so well of me, but even after all that had passed, I—"

I could say no more. He took my hand.

"Have I offended you, Agatha?" asked he.

"Not you. The offense—the guilt—oh, I have been sorely cheated!" and all that I could do was to sob and think he thought me mad.

At last strength came to me. I went back to the first and told him all—how we had been plighted to each other, waiting only for better prospects to be wed, and how, when he honored me by the offer of his hand, I angered my grandparents by owning to the truth, and of the ring grannie had stolen from my breast, and the false message that she had sent my promised husband from me.

"And though I may never see Evan Locke again," said I, "still I can never be another man's true love, for I am his until I die."

At last he arose and came to me.

"My little Agatha never loved me," he said. "Ah me! The news is bad—I thought she did. This comes of vanity."

"Many a higher and fairer have hearts to give." "Mine had gone ere you saw me."

And then, kind and gentle as though I had not grieved him, he gave me his arm and saw me across the moor, and at the gate paused and whispered:

"Be at rest, Agatha, the Canadian ship Golden George has not sailed yet."

I liked him better than I had ever done before that night when I told grannie that I would never wed him.

Eh! but he was fit to be a king—the grandest, kindest, best of living men; who rode away with the break of the morrow and never stopped till he reached Liverpool, and found Evan Locke just ready to set foot upon the Golden George, and told him a tale that made his heart light and sent him back to me, but our young Squire? Heaven bless him.

And who was it that sent old grandfather the deed of gift that made the cottage his own, and who spoke a kind word to the gentry for young Dr. Locke that helped him into practice? Still no one but 'Squire Turner, whom we taught our children to pray for every night. For we were married, and in a few years had boys and girls at our knees; and when the eldest was nigh two, the thing I needed to make me quite happy happened—and from over the sea, where he had been three good twelve months, came our 'Squire, with the bonniest lady that blushed, beside him, and the hall had a mistress at last—and a mistress who loved the 'Squire as I loved Evan.

Eh! but its an old story. She that I remembered a girl I saw in her coffin, withered and old. And then they opened the vault where the 'Squire had slept ten years to put her beside him; and I've nothing left of Evan, my life and my love, but his memory, and it seems as if every hope and dream of joy I ever had were put away under tombstones. And even the Golden George, the great strong ship that would have borne my dear from me, has moldered away on the bottom of the sea somewhere. And I think my wedding ring is like to outlast us all, for I have it yet, and I shall be ninety to-morrow.

Ninety! It's a good old age, and it can't be long now before I meet Evan and the rest in heaven.

Jerome Bonaparte's American Marriage.

Jerome Bonaparte, afterwards King of Westphalia, during the Napoleonic ascendency, was undoubtedly attached to his wife. But Napoleon, who was in the eyes of court circles in Europe a parvenu emperor, although the only really imposing royal figure of his time, was naturally careful of all the proprieties of sovereignty, and one of the first of these is that the head of the reigning house must approve the marriage of the members. He consequently condemned Jerome's marriage; and after a little contest with his brother's imperial will, Jerome yielded and abandoned his wife, and was rewarded with military and naval commands, and the throne of Westphalia. Madame Patterson herself sought a divorce, and her action has always been thought strange, as she was a lawful wife of unsullied character, and the Pope has refused to annul her marriage, which was strictly canonical. It is not impossible, however, that her admiration of Napoleon and her consciousness of the impossibility of shaking his will, joined with an indomitable pride which made her scorn to be a deserted but passive wife, may have determined her resolution. It was better to be wholly and lawfully free—better, even if she had no other counsellor than ambition.

When Jerome complained that she was willing to receive aid from his brother Napoleon, but not from him, she is said to have replied that she preferred shelter beneath the wing of an eagle to suspension from the pinion of a goose. Once, after the separation, she met Jerome. It was in the gallery of the Pitti Palace, in Florence, and his royal wife was with him. Jerome said to the Princess, "that lady was my former wife." Madame Patterson said only, "It is Jerome."—*Editor's Easy Chair, in Harper's Magazine for June.*

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Adams Express Company.

Mr. Adams, founder of the Adams Express Company, and the late Captain Coit, of Norwich, Ct., were intimate friends, and the former was frequently a passenger of the latter to and from New York. On one of these trips Mr. Adams said to Captain Coit: "I wish I could find something to do." The Captain, with his well-known business readiness, replied: "Do you see those bundles and packages in the berth of my stateroom? Their number is increasing with every trip; they are in the way, and the care and attention I have to give them consumes more time than I can afford. Suppose you collect and take charge of these private packages for a fair compensation. I think you can easily build up a paying business." Mr. Adams was not slow to grasp the idea and embrace the offer. From this obscure and insignificant beginning sprung in a short time the "Adams Express Company." The first express contract made by Mr. Adams from Boston to New York is among Captain Coit's papers.

A great tail-bearer—A peacock.

Bob Burdette's Boyhood.

The *Hawkeye* man writes to his paper, from Harrisburg, as follows: About 35 years ago it occurred to me that it was a pretty good time to be born. And, after mature deliberation, it seemed to me that there was no State in which it would be so pleasant and so profitable to be born as the State of Pennsylvania. And, as I always liked Mr. Blaine, I wanted to be born as close to him as possible, so I selected Greene county, which joins Washington; the county wherein Mr. Blaine entered upon his earthly career. And the location of Greensboro pleased me better than any other town in the county, so I was born there. And I have never been sorry for it.

It is a pleasant thing for me to think now, that the brightest and best years of my life were spent in the quiet little town of Greensboro, in this grand old Keystone State. I never did anything, so long as I lived in Pennsylvania, that I was ashamed of.

("What, never?")

I was not sorry for this irrelevant and rather flippant interruption, as it gave me an opportunity, while following the remains of the young man who made the remark, to view the beautiful cemetery of this city. To resume, then:

I never, positively never, did anything I was ashamed of while I remained in my native State. I never swore; I never lied; I never stole anything; I never went to a circus; I never ran away from Sunday school; I didn't go out at night; I didn't play billiards, or go to horse races. Good boy that I was; I stayed at home and entertained the family. No man, I ween, ever lived a purer life than I did while I lived in Pennsylvania.

I ween that now, because I wasn't weaned when I left that State.

I am willing, if it please my readers, to talk for columns at a stretch, about my life and habits during my happy, sinless residence in Greensbory.

I positively decline, however, to allow myself to be drawn into any discussion of my life and habits during my subsequent residence in Ohio, Illinois or Iowa. It isn't germane to the subject. Not even Pennsylvania germane.

I was greatly surprised, on reaching Harrisburg, to find that nobody remembered me. Even after I told them where I was born, the people here seemed to experience great difficulty in recognizing me. I suppose, though, I have changed a great deal since then.

I went up to the capitol in the afternoon with Tom Jones, of the *Telegraph*, and heard Mr. Landis, of Lancaster, make a speech on the famous riot bill. He kindly listened to my request, and introduced me to the member from Greene county.

To my astonishment, he didn't recognize me, but he seemed glad to see me when I explained to him that I was a constituent of his. I wanted him to give me a postoffice, but it seems that he was just out of postoffices, and when I told him that it was all right, and that I would just as willingly take a custom house, he said he couldn't give me a custom house, anyhow.

It was very strange. I had the impression that the member from Greene county could do anything he wanted. I am afraid my member didn't want to give me a custom house.

Fragment of an Interview.

Czar—Yes; I'm going to make clean work of it all around the board. I've put the screws on at New Orleans, too.

Interviewer—New Orleans! Why, that's in the United States, Czar.

Czar—Yes, I know; I've stopped the niggers from praying after ten at night. My own folks, you know, can't go out after nine. There's one feller I can't catch, though.

Interviewer—Who?

Czar—That Nihilist bill sticker. How he does it is a mystery. I believe he shoots those bills out of an air gun at forty rods.

Interviewer—Your Majesty's rule seems to be extending.

Czar—Yes. I'm trying to stop their beer, milk, cigars, horse cars and Sunday papers at Newark, N. J. Bang! r-r-r-r-r-p Bang!

Interviewer—Gracious! What's that?

Czar—O, I suppose a duke or a general has put his foot in one of 'em.

Interviewer—One of what?

Czar—Explosives. Bombs! Infernal machines! Gunpowder! Fulminate of mercury! Lively, ain't it?

(Enter an attendant)—"Please Your Majesty, the Duke of Hurryskoff has been blown into eighty-three pieces, and all we can find of General Crilleoff is his jaw bone on one of the palace towers."

Czar—Ha! Issue another edict. Let the people be forbidden now to go forth after six P. M.

Indignant father to his son, whose picture has not even been spied at the Academy: "You're a nice artist! Here you are forty-five years old Christmas week, and yet no picture of yours has ever been received." "But, sir"—"Silence, sir! Don't you presume to, 'but, sir' me! Sir, at your age Raphael had been dead ten years."

A bright little fellow of four, the son of a former pastor of a flourishing church, who attends the infant class in Sunday-school, received last Sunday morning a card on which were the words: "Pray without ceasing." After his mother had explained the text, she said: "I guess I won't show this to the minister; he prays long enough now."

Facetiæ.

A green age—Foliage.

Ladies' sacques—Jilted lovers.

Down in the world—A miner

The way to kill time—Shoot every day.

Contempt of court—A breach of promise.

School boys are usually glad to see the rule laid down.

The common railroad guage nowadays is the mortgage.

Bonds, of course, have to be filed before they are broken.

A paper that is always full of good points—a paper of needles.

It requires veteran sailors to successfully navigate a hardship.

Ladies are like archery clubs, for they are always sure to have bows.

Money that bank officers get away with is charged to running expenses.

"To what base uses do we come at last," as the shingle said to the upturned boy.

Clearly, it is the boy who tends the elevators whose life has the most ups and downs.

It cannot be that "all flesh is grass." Grass gets its dew. About the only thing that does in this world.

"When is a man a coward?" asked a teacher. "When he runs away from a cow," answered a pupil.

To the enfranchised colored man the fat hen on his neighbor's chicken roost is the true bird of freedom.

An Irish sailor visited a city where, he said, they copper-bottomed the tops of the houses with sheet lead.

A darkey who tried to send one of his children through the post-office was arrested for an attempt at black-mailing.

"It's only a spring opening, ma," exclaimed that awful boy, as he exhibited his torn trousers after a leap over a picket fence.

Mathematicians must stand to one side when the green grocer's clerk takes his pencil from behind his big ear and proceeds to divide seven by one.

"Can you tell me how old the devil is?" asked an irreverent fellow of a clergyman. "My friend, you must keep your own family record," was the reply.

The following notice is posted conspicuously in a newspaper office out West: "Shut the door, and as soon as you have done talking business, serve your mouth the same way."

"Sammy, my boy, what are you crying for?" "Bill throwed the Bible at me and hit me on my head." "Well, you are the only one in my family on whom the Bible ever had any impression."

George has had a great many pull-backs in life," said the young wife to a lady friend. And when the friend said, "Yes, I saw him with one yesterday," the young wife didn't know what she meant by it.

Do not trifle with the affections of an innocent young city girl; do not try to make friends with a mule by squeezing his hind foot. If you aspire either way you will find that life is a miserable failure.

A tramp applied to a lady for something to eat. "Why don't you go to work?" asked she. "There's nothing doing at my trade just now." "What is your business?" "Holding election tickets at the corners."

When a dog snaps at a fly that has been fooling around him for four or five hours and misses it, he feels like a girl who pours the full tide of her affections over a young man and suddenly discovers that it won't soak in.

An inquiring citizen of Madison, Indiana, thrust his fingers into a horse's mouth to see how many teeth he had. The horse closed his teeth to see how many fingers the man had. The curiosity of each was fully satisfied.

"George," said the elder Washington, "George, my son, did you fasten the front gate last night?" "Father," replied the faithful George, edging off toward the back fence, "I did. I cannot tell a lie; I did it with my little latch it."

This is just about the time of the year when sentimental young girls with dreamy eyes and silken, golden hair, pay three dollars a dozen for potato bulbs, in the hope of seeing them sprout and bud into rainbow-tinted, perfumed hyacinths.

Man who is endeavoring to strike the other man for a $10 bill Saturday at 1 o'clock—"Now, old fel', let's have the X. You know what the Bible says—'Help one another.'" His friend, with a sad, sweet smile—"Oh, yes, I know; but, I say, you know, you're always the 'another,' you are."

We speak of the snow as the image of death. It may be this; but it hides the everlasting life under its robes—the life to be revealed in due time, when all cold shadows shall melt away before the ascending sun, and we shall be, not unclothed, but clothed upon, and mortally shall be swallowed up of life.

A father said to an old acquaintance who came to condole with him on the unmanageableness of his two sons, who had committed a burglary in the next town, and had been sentenced to prison: "It's pretty rough on me to have them both go to once, but there is one thing to it—when it comes night now you know where them boys be."

The sight of a man wheeling a baby-carriage in the street is a sign, not that the infant is weak, but that the man's wife is strong. And yet, if we were to judge from the amiable grin with which the fond father, under these circumstances, salutes every passing acquaintance, we might erroneously suppose that he was really doing it just for the fun of the thing.

Another Bomb from Chandler.

While the Senate was discussing the bill to limit the power of the President over the army, Senator Zack Chandler, of Michigan, said:

His'ory is repeating itself to-day. There is a proverbial saying that the Bourbons never learn anything and never forget anything. The proverb is very applicable to the Bourbons of this country. In 1857 the Bourbons had control of the government. When under your control, you brought up the repeal of the Missouri compromise, and forced your Northern men then, as you are doing now, to vote for that repeal and you did it by the same means. Then, sir, you crowded your men till you crowded them off the bridge. In 1857, when I took my seat in this body with Jeff Davis [laughter], there were here 44 Democrats, 20 Republicans and two Independents in this body. Of those Democrats, 16 were from the Northern States, 28 from the Southern States, and two Independents. Then, as now, the Independents in this body, upon every question connected with slavery, voted with the South. You, in caucus, then decreed that Stephen A. Douglas, because he asserted that he did not care whether slavery was voted up or down, should be degraded from the chairmanship of the committee on Territories, when there were but three Northern men out of the sixteen who dared to resist caucus dictation. And you did degrade him and put him off that committee. Then you crowded your men off the bridge, and they sank, to a man, into the waters of oblivion—to r se no more, forever! Sir, of those sixteen members not a solitary man from the North ever came to the surface of oblivion. You crowded them off; you compelled them to vote for measures which the North could not and would not sustain. Sir, to-day you are doing the selfsame thing. To-day we have in this body 41 Democrats, 33 Republicans and one Independent. To-day, as twenty-two years ago, on all questions connected with State rights the Independent party as a unit voted with the Democrats. [Laughter] To-day you have, as I said, 42 members in this body, 41, leaving out the Independent party. You have twelve members from the North, and they are arranged thus: From California, 1; from Indiana, now as then, 2; from Ohio you have two, you had but one then; from Oregon you have 2, and you had two then; from Pennsylvania you have one now, you had one then; from New Jersey, two, now as then; from Rhode Island you have none now, but you have one from Connecticut and one from New York. As I said, history is repeating itself to-day, and you are to-day repeating what you did in 1857, you are crowding your men off the bridge. And the men of to-day, as the men of 1857, will sink into the waters of oblivion to rise no more, forever. See the change that has taken place since that time. Sir, the people are more thoroughly aroused to-day against this doctrine, this heresy of State rights, than they were from 1857 to 1861. You proposed to pension Jefferson Davis, and every single one of your Northern allies voted to pension him. You eulogized him as a patriot to be compared side by side with Washington and all the patriots of the revolution, and every one of your Northern allies voted yea.

After the close of the rebellion, you claimed that you were poor and suffering, and we found you poor and suffering. We found you ragged and poor, and we clothed you. We put upon you the robe of American citizenship, which you had forfeited, and we killed for you the fatted calf, supposing that you, after being clothed, were in your right mind. And when we invited you to the feast you said, "We have always owned that calf, and you have no interest in it." [Laughter.] Now you inform us that you are going to repeal all the Republican measures. What is the job you have undertaken? You are going to undo all the Republican party has done. Do you begin at Appomattox or before? It is very important to know where you will commence, and then to know where you propose to stop. You have undertaken a very large ob for a party of your size and with the people who are to sit as judges on your acts. You have undertaken to unseat a man in this body. But you will deny that you have undertaken the job. You have simply undertaken to investigate the case of a Senator on this floor that has been decided by the highest tribunal that could act on that question. Sir, there are twelve Senators on that side of the House that every man on this side believes has a poorer title to his seat than the honorable Senator from Louisiana. By fraud and violence do you hold your seats. Now show us the road how to vacate seats in this body, if you dare.

Mr. Eaton—I call the gentleman to order.

Mr. Chandler.—Very well, sir, I will take your point of order.

Mr. Eaton.—My point is that the Senator from Michigan is entirely out of order when he says that twelve Senators on this floor hold their seats by fraud and violence.

Mr. Chandler—I did not say that, I said they hold their seats by a poorer title.

Mr. Eaton—You said fraud and violence.

Mr. Chandler—I said we believe it, and so I do believe, and so I have a right to believe.

Mr. Garland asked that the exact words be taken down.

The official reporter read the words as taken down by him and given above.

Mr. Beck called upon Mr. Chandler to name the men who held their seats by violence and fraud.

Mr. Hill, of Georgia, hoped the question would be dropped.

Mr. Eaton said the remarks of the Senator from Michigan were insultingly out of order, and called for a ruling by the Chair.

The President *pro tem.* overruled the point of order.

There being considerable confusion in the Chamber, Mr. Davis, of West Virginia, asked for the enforcement of order, both on the floor and in the galleries. Order having been restored, Mr. Chandler resumed as follows:

I think every Senator on this side of the Chamber believes that there are twelve Senators who hold their titles to their seats by a slimmer, poorer basis than my honorable friend from Louisiana. This is what I intended to state; and it was our belief, and it is my belief, that their seats were obtained and are held by fraud and violence. That is what I now say.

But, Mr. President, I did not rise to d scuss this question. I simply rose to say: You have your day in court, make the most of it. Your time is short. The people of the North have taken this question in hand, and, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, from one end of the land to the other, the people are aroused and alarmed at the statements that have been made, and the action that has been taken in the Senate Chamber in the last sixty days. Let me say to you, gentlemen on the other side of the Chamber, *Mene, Mene, Tekel Upharsin* is written all over your brows. [Applause in the galleries, which was promptly checked by the Chair.

A Newsboy's Funny Adventure.

At the time the big rain storm came along yesterday Tony Preebone, a newsboy, was doubled up in one of the dry goods boxes in front of Louis Otterbourg's, on Market street, one block from the river. The terrible torrent of water began to move the box, and pretty soon it began to gain speed, and, in common with a lot of barrels and boxes, floated rapidly towards the river. Two or three men were running about trying to stop the floating boxes, and succeeded in checking four of them, though, as luck had it, the box Tony was in slipped by and was plunged into the river. Nobody knew there was a boy in it, but by the time the box had gone under and come up once, everybody on Market street was apprised of the fact by hearing a series of yells that even deafened the thunder for a time. Looking in the direction of the river the boy, scrambling over a sinking box, was seen, and three colored men rushed out and made for him in a boat. They reached him in good season, and got him ashore safe. Tony is done with sleeping in boxes, and hereafter will pick out the highest roost he can get.—*Wilmington (N. C.) Sun.*

Two Boys scare away a Panther.

Isaac Boyce, living on the Gabriel, called on us last Monday and gave us an account of two boys, respectively eight and thirteen years of age, who left their father's house in Kimble county about an hour by sun on Thursday, and traveled almost night and day until they reached Mrs. Holland's the following Tuesday about 11 a. m., having traveled a circuitous route of propably two hundred miles through the mountains barefoot, without coats, and subsisting on parched corn. They were armed with a case-knife and a bottle. Their father trailed them nearly the entire distance, but couldn't discover them. At night, when worn out and exhausted from lack of sleep and food, they would make a bed of leaves to sleep on. One night, while traveling in the San Fernando mountains, they were followed by a panther, which screamed so much like a woman that they supposed it to be one calling them. Finally they concluded it was a panther, and built a fire, which frightened the animal away.—Galveston Texas *News.*

The howl about "troops at the polls" won't deceive anybody, and the less wind the ferocious reform editors waste in making it the less will they exhaust themselves. The whole North understands this question thoroughly, and it is the North which will vote to put a permanent muzzle on the Confederate Democrats this fall.

Miscellaneous.

Do you want to make some money? If so, here is a chance. Competent Agents Male or Female wanted to sell the **Rotary Seive.** The most Convenient Article for domestic use, for the purpose designed, ever invented. Its scoops, sifts, weighs, measures and mixes. Also for straining Fruit, Washing Rice etc.

Over 1000 Agents are now engaged in selling them in the west. Territory is eagerly taken wherever offered, so apply early. For particulars address, C. M. WHITE,
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Mrs. W. E. Shope takes this method to inform her patrons that she is now located on Harrison avenue, north of cemetery, Bellefonte, where she is prepared to do dyeing in the most complete and satisfactory manner. Old clothes made as bright as new.

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Don't forget the place, Harrison avenue, Bellefonte. 10-46-tf

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FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

DR. E. I. KIRK.

DR. J. W. RHONE, Dentist, can be found at his office and residence on North side of High Street, three doors East of Allegheny, Bellefonte, Pa. 10-16 1y

G. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, located at Bellefonte, Pa. Office in the Myers property, on Bishop street, opposite Graham's Shoe Store. 8-23

DR. J. D. GEISSINGER,
DENTIST.
A graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia, has permanently located in Bellefonte, Pa., for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, including the treatment of diseases of the mouth.
Office: Second floor, Furst's building, North side of Court House. 10-31-tf

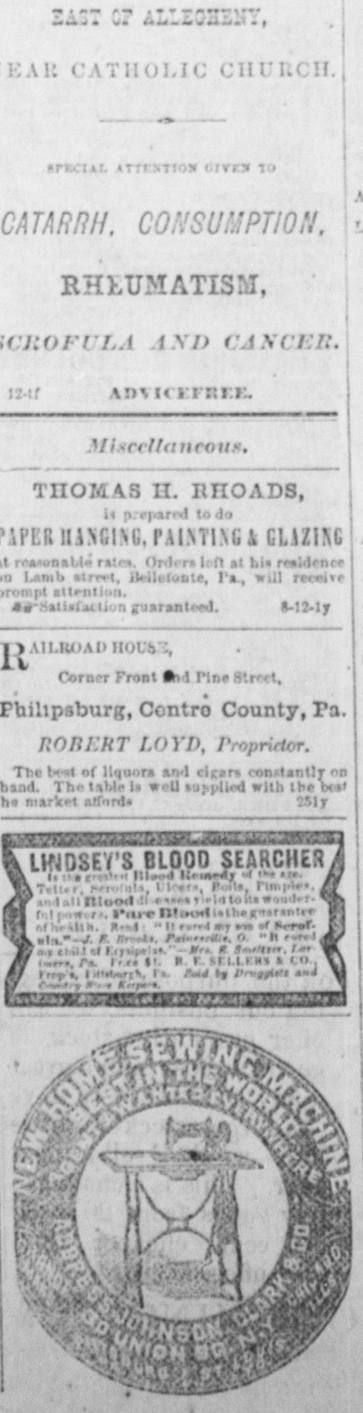
Dr. J. M. Lindsey
HAS LOCATED PERMANENTLY
IN BELLEFONTE.
OFFICE ON BISHOP STREET,
EAST OF ALLEGHENY,
NEAR CATHOLIC CHURCH.
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO
CATARRH, CONSUMPTION,
RHEUMATISM,
SCROFULA AND CANCER.
12-tf ADVICE FREE.

Miscellaneous.

THOMAS H. RHOADS,
is prepared to do
PAPER HANGING, PAINTING & GLAZING
at reasonable rates. Orders left at his residence on Lamb street, Bellefonte, Pa., will receive prompt attention.
Satisfaction guaranteed. 8-12-1y

RAILROAD HOUSE,
Corner Front and Pine Street,
Philipsburg, Centre County, Pa.
ROBERT LOYD, Proprietor.
The best of liquors and cigars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best he market affords 25-1y

LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER
Is the greatest Blood Remedy of the age. Tetter, Scrofula, Ulcers, Boils, Pimples, and all Blood diseases yield to its wonderful powers. Pure Blood is the guarantee of health. Read: "It cured my son of Scrofula."—*J. P. Brooks, Painesville, O.* "It cured my child of Erysipelas."—*Mrs. E. Smeltzer, Lawrence, Pa.* Price $1. R. E. SELLERS & CO., Prop'rs, Pittsburgh, Pa. *Sold by Druggists and Country Store Keepers.*



Burnell & Aikens.---Music Store.

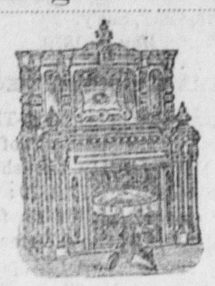
BELLEFONTE MUSIC STORE

PIANOS, ORGANS & MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

ALL THE POPULAR SHEET MUSIC.

Repairing and Tuning Done in the Best Manner.

PIANOS.
CHICKERING,
STEINWAY,
ARION,
WATERS.



ORGANS.
ESTEY,
WATERS,
WOODS,
MASON & HAMLIN.

BARGAINS IN PIANOS AND ORGANS.

7-OCTAVE ROSEWOOD PIANOS, - - - - - $150.00.
9-STOP ORGANS, 2 FULL SETS OF REEDS, ONLY - - - 55.00,—Regular price, $270.00.
13- " " 3 " " " " - - - 75.00, " " 340.00.
This Organ has the Grand Organ Knee-Swell.

Second-hand Organs as low as $25.00. *Second-hand Pianos as low as $50.00.*
Violins and Accordeons from $2 Upwards. *Piano and Organ Instructors.* *Covers and Stools.*

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN
SEWING MACHINES.

New Domestic, $30.00
New White, 25.00.
New St. John, 25.00.
New Improved Singer, $22.50.
New Improved Howe, 22.50.
Second-hand Machines as low as $5.00.

AGENTS FOR E. BUTTERICK & CO.'S PERFECT-FITTING PATTERNS.

Orders by mail solicited and promptly filled. No agents employed. The buyers get the agents' profit. We buy our Pianos, Organs and Machines for Cash, and will give customers the advantage.

BUNNELL & AIKENS,
Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa.
vol 11-8-tf

Railroads.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after November 19, 1878:

WESTWARD.

ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia	11 55	p m
"	Harrisburg	4 25	a m
"	Williamsport	8 25	a m
"	Lock Haven	9 40	a m
"	Renovo	11 00	a m
" arr at	Erie	7 35	p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves	Philadelphia	7 20	a m
"	Harrisburg	10 50	a m
"	Williamsport	2 20	p m
"	Lock Haven	3 25	p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		4 25	p m
FAST LINE leaves	Philadelphia	11 45	a m
"	Harrisburg	3 55	p m
"	Williamsport	7 25	p m
" arr at	Lock Haven	8 40	p m

EASTWARD.

PACIFIC EXP. leaves	Lock Haven	6 40	a m
"	Jersey shore	7 14	a m
"	Williamsport	7 55	a m
arr at	Harrisburg	11 55	a m
"	Philadelphia	3 40	p m
DAY EXP. leaves	Lock Haven	11 20	a m
"	Williamsport	12 40	p m
" arr at	Harrisburg	4 10	p m
"	Philadelphia	7 20	p m
ERIE MAIL leaves	Renovo	8 55	p m
"	Lock Haven	9 45	p m
"	Williamsport	11 05	p m
" arr at	Harrisburg	2 45	a m
"	Philadelphia	7 00	a m
EAST LINE leaves	Williamsport	12 35	a m
" arr at	Harrisburg	3 55	a m
"	Philadelphia	7 40	a m

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Exp. West, Erie Exp. West, Philadelphia Express East and Day Express East, and Sunday Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains.
WM. A. BALDWIN, *Gen'l Sup't.*

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table December 31, 1877.

WESTWARD.	Exp. A. M.	Mail P. M.
Leave Lock Haven	5 25	3 25
Flemington	5 29	3 30
Mill Hall	5 33	3 35
Beech Creek	5 46	3 47
Eagleville	5 50	3 51
Howard	6 00	4 01
Mount Eagle	6 08	4 10
Curtin	6 13	4 16
Milesburg	6 23	4 25
Bellefonte	6 33	4 35
Milesburg	6 43	4 45
Snow Shoe Int	6 48	4 48
Unionville	6 58	4 58
Julian	7 09	5 10
Martha	7 18	5 21
Port Matilda	7 26	5 31
Hannah	7 34	5 40
Fowler	7 40	5 46
Bald Eagle	7 48	5 53
Vail	7 53	5 58
East Tyrone	7 58	6 03
Arrive at Tyrone	8 05	6 10
EASTWARD.	P.M.	A.M.
Leave Tyrone	7 08	8 20
East Tyrone	7 13	8 27
Vail	7 19	8 42
Bald Eagle	7 23	8 47
Fowler	8 54	7 39
Hannah	7 36	9 02
Port Matilda	7 44	9 11
Martha	7 52	9 20
Julian	8 01	9 30
Unionville	8 11	9 42
Snow Shoe Int	8 21	9 51
Milesburg	8 24	9 55
Bellefonte	8 32	10 03
Milesburg	8 45	10 15
Curtin	8 55	10 25
Mount Eagle	9 00	10 30
Howard	9 08	10 40
Eagleville	9 18	10 52
Beech Creek	9 22	10 57
Mill Hall	9 34	11 10
Flemington	9 37	11 14
Arrive at Lock Haven	9 42	11 18

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after Dec. 31, 1877.
Leaves Snow Shoe 7.30 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 9.10 a. m.
Leaves Bellefonte 10.20 a. m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.57 a. m.
Leaves Snow Shoe 2.32 p. m., arrives in Bellefonte 4.12 p. m.
Leaves Bellefonte 4.55 p. m., arrives Snow Shoe 6.27 p. m.
DANIEL RHOADS, *General Sup't.*

Confectionery.

CANDY MANUFACTORY AND BAKERY.

Mr. Albert Kauth,
—AT THE—
Bishop Street Bakery,
is now making the very best BREAD, CAKES AND PIES in Bellefonte.

Candies and Confections.

He also manufactures all kinds of candies, and dealers can purchase of him as low as in the city. Candies of all kinds always on hand, together with Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Dates, Nuts, Syrups, Jellies and everything good.

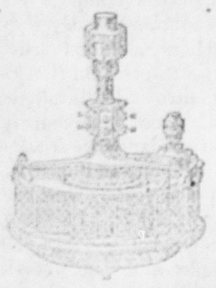
CENTRE COUNTY OYSTER DEPOT.

An excellent oyster saloon also attached to the Bakery. Call and see me
8 32-1y ALBERT KAUTH.

BEST business you can engage in. $5 to $20 per day made by any worker of either sex, right in their own localities. Particulars and samples worth $5 free. Improve your spare time at this business. Address STINSON & CO., Maine. 10 21 1y

Foundry and Machinists.

W. P. Duncan & Co.,



BELLEFONTE, PA.

ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS
BELLEFONTE
PATENT WATER WHEEL,
STEAM ENGINES,
CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,
ROLLING MILL
AND
Grist Mill Machinery.
5 46-52-1y

Jewelry.

J. E. CALDWELL & CO.
902 CHESTNUT ST. 902
PHILADELPHIA,
Jewelry, Silverware, Watches, Fancy Goods
HOLIDAY ASSORTMENT NOW READY.

$1200 returns in 30 days on $100 invested. Official reports and information free. Like profits weekly on Stock options of $10 to $50. Address F. Potter Wight & Co., Bankers, 35 Wall St., N. Y. 17-4w

Advertising Agencies.

TO ADVERTISERS.

George P. Rowell & Co.'s
SELECT LIST
—OF—
LOCAL NEWSPAPERS.

Many persons suppose this list to be composed of Cheap, low-priced newspapers. The fact is quite otherwise. The Catalogue states exactly what the papers are. When the name of a paper is printed in FULL FACE TYPE it is in every instance the BEST paper in the place. When printed in CAPITALS it is the ONLY paper in the place. When printed in roman letters it is neither the best nor the only paper, but is usually a very good one, notwithstanding. The list gives the population of every town, and the circulation of every paper. It is not a CO-OPERATIVE LIST. It is not a CHEAP LIST. At the foot of the catalogue for each State the important towns which are not covered by the list are enumerated. It is an HONEST LIST. The rates charged for advertising are barely one-fifth the publisher's schedule. The price for one inch one week in the entire list is $635. The regular rates of the papers for the same space and time are $3,136 55. The list includes 970 newspapers, of which 153 are issued daily and 807 weekly. They are located in 825 different cities and towns, of which 22 are State Capitals, 328 places of over 5,000 population, and 444 County Seats. Lists sent on application. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.'S Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce St., (Printing House Square,) New York. 10 33 1y

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST
ADVERTISING
To Reach Readers Outside of the Large Cities.

OVER 1000 NEWSPAPERS DIVIDED INTO SIX DIFFERENT LISTS.

Advertisements received for one or more lists. For catalogues containing names of papers, and other information and for estimates, address

BEALS & FOSTER,
10 33 1y 10 Spruce St., New York

Miscellaneous.

PATENTS,

OBTAINED for Inventors, in the United States, Canada, and Europe, at reduced rates. With our principal Office located in Washington, directly opposite the United States Patent Office, we are able to attend to all Patent Business with greater promptness and despatch and less cost, than other patent attorneys, who are at a distance from Washington, and who have, therefore, to employ "associate attorneys." We make preliminary examinations and furnish opinions as to patentability, free of charge, and all who are interested in new inventions and Patents are invited to send for a copy of our "Guide for obtaining Patents," which is sent free to any address, and contains complete instructions how to obtain Patents and other valuable matter. We refer to the German-American National Bank, Washington, D. C.; the Royal Swedish, Norwegian, and Danish Legations, at Washington; Hon. Joseph Casey, late Chief Justice U. S. Court of Claims; to the Officials of the U. S. Patent Office, and to Senators and Members of Congress from every State. Address, LOUIS BAGGER & CO., Solicitors of Patents and Attorneys at Law, Le Droit Building, Washington, D. C. 17-4f

WANTED!! A YOUNG MAN who can control the Boot and Shoe Business in this county. Address with references, J. H. VAN FASSEN, 530 Locust St., Philadelphia, Pa. 19 4t

SIX CORD
ENDORSED BY OVER THIRTY SEWING MACHINE EXHIBITORS AT THE EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE,
Paris, 1878
AND INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION,
PHILADELPHIA, 1876,
As being "Very STRONG, SMOOTH, and EXCELLENT THREAD."
TRY IT S.F.T. "ESTABLISHED 1836."
ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY BY USING
MANUFACTURED AT MOUNT HOLLY, N.J.
STUART & BRO (LIMITED) AGENTS, NEW YORK
TRY IT TEMPLE'S SIX CORD SPOOL COTTON
MEDALS AWARDED
PARIS, PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK & BOSTON.
SOFT FINISH

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania, by

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free; exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12 lin' this tp'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses, and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

A Few Trinkets.

We have a President who can back down a rebel majority in Congres. He is the first man to do it.

We have a Congress composed largely of men who voted for a scheme to establish, ultimately, States' Rights, a doctrine which caused, in part, the late rebellion.

We have only one Republican Senator from the South, whereas we would have more had it not been for the shot-gun policy inaugurated and carried out by the rebel brigadiers.

We have the monstrous theory advanced that the Federal Government should have no control of elections, and that none but State troops should interfere, if necessary.

We have a President who knocked that theory into Kingdom Come.

We have the upper hand in this new revolution, and will show it in '80.

We have voters enough to preserve the Republic, notwithstanding the loud braying of Congressional mules.

Decoration Day---May 30, 1879.

The 30th day of May heretofore, by usage, dedicated to the decoration of the graves of our deceased soldiers and to services in esteem of their memory, now recognized by the laws of our State as a public holiday, will soon occur. At a meeting held for the purpose of making some arrangements for its proper observance, it was deemed right to call public attention to it through the columns of our newspapers, that not a township in the county may fall short in the performance of a patriotic duty.

The green mounds that deck our cemeteries and graveyards sentinel the ashes of some who fought at Quebec, Yorktown, and under Perry on lake Erie, and of very many more who, in our day, gave their lives to the sword that their country might live.

"They never fail who die
In a great cause; the block may soak their gore;
Their heads may sodden in the sun; their limbs
Be strung to city gates and castle walls—
But still their spirit walks abroad. Though years
Elapse, and others shade as dark a doom,
They but augment the deep and sweeping thought,
Which overpower all others, and *conduct*
The world at last to Freedom."

It is proper, therefore, to cherish their memories and hand them down to our children, and when we fail in this we no longer deserve a place or name among the nations of the earth. They died that liberty might not die. They gave up their share of this glad and beautiful earth that it might become in time the home of all-reaching freedom. It is meet, therefore, that we should cease awhile from our restless activity, and with the return of this early summer day, bring flowers to decorate the graves of those who fell by disease, and in the iron hail of battle, while gathered around a flag that never yet has trailed in permanent defeat.

In this behalf, then, we urge the prompt organization of committees in every borough, village, and township (and if necessary in every school house) in the county, who will take charge and see that every soldier's grave, however lonely or distant, shall have a memento of regard laid upon it on that day.

It was deemed advisable, also, to suggest that it would be the appropriate time and opportunity to collect lists of the soldiers buried in every graveyard and cemetery whose graves are unmarked, in order that they may be forwarded to the Quarter Master General of the United States army, who will forward suitable memorials to be placed upon them. The proper blanks for such lists will be furnished by those deputed by the committees for this duty on application to the undersigned.

D. S. KELLER, President.
R. C. CHEESMAN, Sec'y.
Bellefonte, *May* 15, 1879.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

EDITORS OF REPUBLICAN:—The following is a condensed report of Union School No. 8, Liberty township, for the term ending April 7, 1879: Whole number enrolled, males 15, females 10, total 25; average attendance, males 14, females 9, total 23; per cent of attendance, males 97, females 92, total 94. Branches of study: alphabet, 2; spelling, 5; reading, 18; writing, 19; mental arithmetic, 19; written arithmetic, 19; geography, 13; 13; grammar, 8; physiology, 1; history, 1; composition, 19. Declamation weekly, vocal music daily, drawing and map drawing. Eighty visitors during the term, with an average time of two and a half hours each. Four scholars, viz., Winfield S. Holter, James A. McKean, Sylvester P. Confer and Mary C. Gardner, did not miss a day during the term. Twelve scholars, Winfield S. Holter, Daniel P. Thompson, James A. McKean, Sylvester P. Confer, Sylvester M. Leitch, Ephraim W. Gardner, Fannie O. Hanes, Mary C. Gardner, Rosa L Holter, Dora B. McKean, and Anna R. McKean and John A. Thompson did not miss a day in the last month. One scholar, W. S. Holter, has not missed a day since he has been old enough to go to school, which is seven winters. On this last I challenge Centre and Clinton counties to beat it. Ours is a country school, and the scholars have from a quarter of a mile to one and half miles to go. Twenty-five visitors were present the last day of school. The weather was fine, order good, and all in all we had a very pleasant time. Master Williams, a little blind boy, was present and entertained us with some appropriate music. The scholars of my school have my best wishes for their success, and I hope that if they live they may grow up to be useful men and women in society.

HENRY THOMPSON, Teacher.

The Printers' Society.

A committee of publishers, editors and printers, appointed last fall at Lloydsville, met in Huntingdon on Saturday afternoon and adopted the following constitution, which will be offered for final adoption at the next meeting of the association, which takes place at Cresson on the sixth of next September.

CONSTITUTION—ARTICLE I.

Section 1. This organization shall be known as "The Association of Printers of the Juniata Valley." including the counties of Bedford, Blair, Cambria, Centre, Clearfield, Huntingdon, Mifflin, Juniata and Perry.

ARTICLE II.

Section 1. The officers of this association shall consist of a President, two Vice Presidents, Secretary and Treasurer and an Executive Committee of five members, all of whom shall be elected at the regular annual meeting of each year.

ARTICLE III.

The President shall preside on all public occasions, give notice of all regular or special meetings, and do such other duties as usually devolve upon a presiding officer, or, in his absence, the Vice President shall officiate in the order named.

Section 2. It shall be the duty of the Secretary to keep the minutes, a roster of the members, conduct the correspondence and perform the duties usually devolving upon the Treasurer in the absence of such an officer.

Section 3. The duty of the Executive Committee, in conjunction with the other officers of the association, shall be to select a place and arrange for a reunion of all the members of this association not later than September of each year.

ARTICLE IV.

Section 1. All persons who are editors, publishers, compositors, pressmen, or in any way connected with the fraternity of printers, within the territory above named, can become members of this association upon the payment of an annual fee of 50 cents.

ARTICLE V.

Section 1. This constitution may be amended at any regular annual meeting by a two-thirds vote of the members.

A committee on transportation and music, consisting of E. Conrad, McVeytown *Journal*, Chairman; H. C. Dern, Altoona *Tribune*; H. A. McPike, *Cambria Freeman*; A. G. Bonsall, Mifflintown *Democrat and Register*; N. C. Barclay, Altoona *Sun*, was appointed. This committee will meet at Altoona on the 31st of May.

The next pic-nic will be of the basket order, and Mr. McPike is to secure the grounds.

Hon. W. J. Gilbraith has been nominated by the President for the Chief Justiceship of the Supreme Court of Montana.

Blackwood, Jr., a very fine horse, valued at $3,500, and owned by Mr. C. R. Tipton, died at Tipton, Ohio, on Monday.

What Woman Can Do.

Our attention has been called to a new article for the use of ladies, the invention of which has conferred an everlasting blessing upon every lady. We refer to the Queen City Skirt Suspenders, for supporting ladies' skirts' the most desirable and beneficial article ever invented for the relief of women, many of whom have suffered years of miserable health caused solely by carrying the weight of a number of heavy skirts, completely dragging them down. Truly, then, we think, something to support ladies' clothing is absolutely necessary. These suspenders are recommended by our leading physicians to all ladies and young girls. Every lady should have them. Thousands will testify to their excellence, and the advantages to be derived from wearing them. They are sold only through lady agents. Many ladies in other localities are making from a hundred to two hundred dollars a month by selling these and other articles made by the same company, and it can be done here. We have been asked by the manufacturers for the name of a reliable lady to act as their agent for this county. We advise such to send their names at once to the QUEEN CITY SUSPENDER Co., Elm and Longworth Streets, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Millheim News.

The residence lately occupied by B. O. Deininger has been moved. It now basks in the sunlight of Strasburg as the domicile of Mr. A. C. Musser. Lose & Co. did the work.

Gephart & Musser have the material ready for the erection of an office. Pierce says it will be a handsome affair.

Messrs. John Contner & Co. are prospecting for iron ore in the mountains near Millheim. They assured your correspondent that indications are favorable.

Postmaster Musser is remodeling the hotel property. New weatherboarding, porch and cornice and bay window will enhance its appearance.

Millheim should have a Young Men's Christian Association. Who will move? We have many admirable young men, and nothing would tend more to their general welfare than the organization mentioned. Organize!

TATTLER.

—H. S. Bliss is in town soliciting subscriptions for Knight's edition of Shakspeare and Bryant's Library of Poetry and Song. Knight's Shakspeare contains the most accurate text in existence, and his notes and commentary embody the result of thirty years of loving study. The plates are all copies from the Royal Academy of London Paintings. Bryant's work contains 200 poems from 700 poets, and is the choicest collection in the English language.

Lost.

A small brown velvet pocket-book, with hand clasp, containing a post-office order. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving the same at the postoffice or C. A. Glenn's photograph car.

—If you are a smoker and want the best cigar you can get, go to the drug store of F. P. Green. His son Harry has them there for sale.

—The best cigar in town can be purchased of Harry Green, at the drug store of F. P. Green, in Bush House block.

—For a good five cent cigar, go to Harry Green, in Bush House block.

General News.

Ex-Governor Asa Peck, of Vermont, aged 76 years, died on Monday.

It is reported that Scott Lord made $100,000 out of the will of Commodore Vanderbilt.

Canon Berdan, of Wells Cathedral, England, is one hundred and two years old, and hale and hearty. He can read without spectacles, and can boast of never having worn an overcoat all his long life.

The new King of Bulgaria received a practical education, and is among other things, a competent compositor. It is the excellent custom to teach German princes a handicraft.

Dr. Van Dyke's Sulphur Soap.

Makes the skin Soft, Clear, Pure, White and Healthy! Is cleansing, deoderising, disinfecting, soothing, healing and purifying; removes dandruff, chafing, ulcers, sores, eruptions, roughness and redness of the skin; relieves itching, burning and stinging of the skin, and irritation of biting and stinging insects; will relieve Itching Piles where nothing else will have any effect; is free from all offensive odor, and prevents Contagious Diseases, and as an external medical and toilet preparation it has no equal. Price, 25 cts.; by mail, 35 cts. Box, 3 cakes, 60 cts.; by mail, 75 cts. Sold by druggists. E. S. WEBSTER, proprietor. Office, 50 N. 5th St., Philadelphia, Pa. Wholesale Depot, N. Third St., Phila., Pa. 9 28eow-1y

New Advertisements.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of Dinah M. Adams, deceased, late of Huston township, Centre Co., all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present the same, duly authenticated to

21 6 F. M. WEBB,
Bellefonte, May 20, '79. Executor.

New Advertisements.---Dry Goods.

HEAD-QUARTERS
—FOR THE—
LOWEST PRICES,
AT THE
BEE HIVE
ONE PRICE EXCLUSIVE
DRY GOODS STORE.

:o:

And no one can dispute the fact that it is the place for bargains. I wish to call the public's attention to my

DRESS GOODS AND SILK DEPARTMENTS,

which I can safely say are the largest, cheapest, and most complete stock in the county. Look at these prices and judge for yourself:

SUMMER SUITINGS.....From 5 Cents per Yard Up
MATALASSE SUITINGS.....From 10 Cents per Yard Up
ALPACA, Black and Colored.....From 12½ Cents per Yard Up
CASHMERE, Black and Colored.....From 20 Cents per Yard Up
CASHMERES, Black and Colored, 1 Yard Wide.....From 35 Cents per Yard Up

And a full line of novelties in Dress Goods, Black Dress Silks in all qualities, Colored Dress Silks in all shades, and an elegant assortment of Lawns. It needs no argument to convince the public that an exclusive store has a great many advantages over a general merchandise store. An early call is solicited, and I will be able to prove the above.

RESPECTFULLY YOURS,
J. H. BAULAND.

12-tf My Motto is One Price, and the Very Lowest; the Best of Goods and no Misrepresentations.

New Advertisements.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.—The firm of Wolfe, Potter & Co., at Snow Shoe, is this day dissolved by mutual consent of all parties. The books of the firm will be left at the office of Sommerville, Crider & Co. for settlement. John A. Wolfe, a member of the old firm, will be there to attend to the business of settling all accounts.

WOLFE, POTTER & CO.
Snow Shoe, May 1, 1879.

NOTE.—The business will be continued at the old stand by John S. Sommerville & Son and P. B. Crider & Son, under the firm name of Sommerville, Crider & Co. 19-3t

LETTING.—Proposals for building stone abutments for a bridge across the Bald Eagle Creek at Milesburg, will be received by the county commissioners until 12 o'clock M., June 2nd, 1879. Specifications can be seen at their office in Bellefonte, Pa. The contract to be let to the lowest responsible bidder. The commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

ANDREW GREGG,
GEO. SWAB,
19-4w J. DUNKLE,
Commissioners.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR PARDON. Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next regular meeting of the Board of Pardons for the pardon of Charles Miller, convicted of assault and battery at the January sessions last.

19 3t JNO. G. LOVE
Att'y for Charles Miller.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the planing mill firm of Laird, Foutz & Bartley is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. The books of the firm have been left in the hands of Messrs. H. W. Foutz and D. Bartley for settlement.

LAIRD, FOUTZ & BARTLEY.
Bellefonte, Pa., May 1, 1879.
The business will be continued at the same place by the undersigned.
19 3t H. W. FOUTZ.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas, letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of Henry Pennington, deceased, late of Patton township, Centre county, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate to present the same to

J. S. FREDERICKS, Fleming, P. O.,
JAMES CRUST, Filmore, P. O.,
April 25, 1879. 18 6t Executors.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the last will of William Johnston, Sr., deceased, late of Ferguson township, Centre county, Pa., having been granted to us, all persons indebted to the estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

JOHN JOHNSTON,
11 20 6t DAVID JOHNSTON,
Box 119, Elk City Clarion Co., Pa. Executors.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas, letters testamentary have been granted the undersigned upon the estate of Samuel P. Womer, deceased, late of Taylor township, Centre county, notice is hereby given to all persons owing said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate to present the same, duly authenticated.

20 6t D. G. GANOE, Executor.

Farms $400 to $1000 JOIN OUR COLONY
Maps and pamphlets Free. J. F. MANCHA,
21 4 Claremont, Va.

$1200 returns in 30 days on $100 invested. Official reports and information free. Like profits weekly on Stock options of $10 to $50. Address, T. POTTER WIGHT & CO., Bankers, 35 Wall Street, New York. 21 4w

$25 to $5000 Judiciously invested in Wall St. lays the foundation for substantial fortunes every week and pays an immense percentage of profits by the New Capitalization System of operating in Stocks. Full explanation on application to Adams, Brown & Co., Bankers, 26 Broad Street, N. Y. 21 4

WANTED ONE SALESMAN for each State. Salary from $75 to $100 per month and expenses. References required. LA BELLE MANUFACTURING CO., 33 Clark Street, Chicago 21 4

DELAWARE FARMS! Maps and catalogues FREE. Address J. F. MANCHA & CO., Dover, Delaware. 21 4

THE KEYSTONE STORE,
Reynolds' Opera House,
ALLEGHENY STREET,
Grand Opening,
April 1st,
1879.

Fancy Goods Department.
Cashmeres, Black Silks, Summer Silks, Alpacas, Brocaded Silks, Corded Dress Goods, Diagonals and Merinos, Broge Shawls, and all colors Summer Shawls, Cheap.

Notion Department.
Ladies' and Gents' Kid Gloves, Silk Handkerchiefs, Corsets, Light and Colored, Ladies' and Gents' Hose, Dress Buttons, Fringes, Ladies' Ties, Collars and Cuffs.

Clothing Department.
Collars, Hats and Caps, Boots, Shoes, White Shirts, Suspenders, and all kinds of Mens', Youths', Boys' and Childrens' Clothing and Underwear, Hosiery.

Carpet Department.
Fine Tapestries, Body Brussels, Dobbson's, Ingrain, Philadelphia Rag, and all other styles of Carpet.

CARPETS A SPECIALTY.

I. GUGGENHEIMER & CO.,
PROPRIETORS.

LYON & CO. ARE SELLING OFF THEIR STOCK AT COST!
LYON & CO. ARE SELLING OFF THEIR STOCK AT COST!

For the purpose of changing our business, we will offer our entire stock of goods at COST, and a great many goods that we have—a larger stock than we like—we shall sell BELOW COST. This is a chance to buy goods from 20 to 30 per cent. cheaper than ever offered before.

LOOK AT THESE UNPARALLELED BARGAINS:

We have 200 dozen of Full regular made Children's Hose, worth from $5 to $7 per dozen, which we have placed on our counters at.....10 CENTS PER PAIR
2,500 yards of Embroidery.....AT COST
Large line of Towels and Napkins.....AT COST
Largest stock of Corsets in the Country.....AT COST
1, 2, 3 and 4 Button Kid Gloves, just received.....AT COST
10,000 yards of Linen, Torchon, Valenciennes, Russian and Collar Laces and Insertings.....AT COST
500 gross of Pearl, Vegetable, Ivory and Silk Dress Buttons, best quality.....AT COST
Large line of Irish Linens, bought at bankrupt sale last fall.....AT COST
Large line of Curtain Laces, all new designs.....AT COST
Ruchings, Rufflings—our entire stock of Dress Goods.....AT COST
Ladies' Coats, Spring Shawls, Black and Colored Silks.....AT COST

CLOTHING. WE CALL PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO OUR FINE STOCK OF MEN'S, YOUTH'S and CHILDREN'S CLOTHING, *at Cost.* CLOTHING.

OUR STOCK is full and complete in every line, and a great many goods that we have received for the Spring Trade, which we purchased before we contemplated changing our business, will also be sold AT COST.

13 1f LYON & CO.

S. & A. LOEB'S Page—Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, &c.

SOUND ADVICE!

Have you bought your spring suit? Don't until you see Loebs'.

Have you bought your boy a suit? Don't until you see Loebs'.

Ladies, have you bought your spring dresses? Don't until you see Loebs'.

Ladies, have you bought your spring hats? Don't until you see Loebs'.

Ladies, have you bought your children's clothing? Don't until you see Loebs.'

Have you bought your carpets? Don't until you see Loebs.'

Have you bought your shoes? Don't until you see Loebs'.

In your every days' needs don't buy until you visit Loebs'.

Do you want a corset? Go to Loebs'.

Do you want hosiery? Go to Loebs'.

Do you want a new dress? Go to Loebs'.

Do you want a new carpet? Go to Loebs'.

Do you want a pair of shoes cheaper than at any other place? Go to Loebs'.

LOEBS ARE THE BOSS ARE THE BOSS CLOTHIERS!

Do you want anything? S. & A. Loeb can and will sell you it cheaper than any other dealer in Centre county. A thousand and one useful articles at five cents each. Don't fail to see our 5-cent counter.

14-3m

S. & A. LOEB.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Farm and Fireside.

Wheat Culture.

The outlook for the productiveness of the growing wheat in Centre county is anything but promising at this writing. It is evident to us that the fault of a short crop is entirely with the manner in which the crop is cultivated, or in the true sense, is not cultivated at all. Some would blame it on the season, but when we look at the crop growing in "new ground" we find it promises an abundant yield. If the season was at fault, new ground would not yield better than old ground, so that farmers can make up their minds that the customary way of farming wheat in this county is far from being right, and unless they seek and adopt some better method, the average crop will continue to decline until it will not pay to raise it.

Some of our farmers, E. C. Humes, Esq., D. Z. Kline, Esq., and others, find that the ground is baked so hard that the wheat cannot grow. To remedy this evil they have harrowed the wheat, Mr. Humes the second time. This is an old custom in some parts of the country, and it has been attended with satisfactory and profitable results. The proper way to harrow is to begin as soon as the ground is dry enough in the spring and harrow across the drills, the second time parallel with the drills. If some is torn out by the roots don't be alarmed, as one grain of wheat is capable of starting one hundred stalks if it has the room. The most recent, improved method of raising wheat is the cultivation adopted by Levi W. Groff, of Lancaster county, and Professor J. M. Heiges, of York county, by which their crops have averaged forty-eight bushels to the acre, seventy-one bushels being the maximum. The annexed paragraph explains itself.

At the last meeting of the Lancaster County Agricultural Society the question "With land and labor at present prices can wheat be raised at $1 a bushel?" was answered by Levi W. Groff, as follows: "I propose to take good land, and think my conclusions will hold good with any land in proportion to its quality:

DR.	
To interest on one acre at $150 an acre	$9 00
To tax on same	50
To plowing and narrowing the same	3 50
To 300 lbs. raw fine ground bone at $30 per ton, drilled in	4 50
To 1½ bushels seed at $1	1 50
To drilling the same	50
To cultivating twice in the spring	1 20
To harvesting and threshing	4 50
	$23 20
CR.	
By 40 bushels wheat at $1	$40 00
By straw of same	6 00
	$45 00
Net Profits	$20 80

By this is shown a profit of $20.80 per acre. Some may think that my estimated yield is too great. Suppose it is a little too large, there is room for deduction, and there will still be a fair net gain. Of course, I expect to cultivate my wheat in the spring, and base my calculations on the presumption that all wheat will be cultivated, and from fair trials which I have made during the past two years, I am forced to the conclusion, that on good land, with the fertilizer I have named, or its equivalent, we have good reason to expect such results as above stated, and will still leave the ground in a good condition for the grass crop."

These experiments have been going on since 1872 by Mr. Heiges who has published the results of his labors every year, yet there are few, if any, intelligent farmers who have been profited thereby. The only reason for this is that their prejudices over-rule their better judgement. It is now a foregone conclusion that farmers in Centre county must make a change in their mode of culture to make wheat raising a profitable farm industry.

In relation to this question, the *National Live Stock Journal* makes the following pertinent remarks: "In the future of the country, however, the chief reliance for profits must be on the farm crops. Lands now worth from $75 to $100 per acre will not, as a rule, advance rapidly in price. On all such lands only good, careful, intelligent work will pay. The capital invested is too large to make it safe to run any avoidable risks. The tendency will be towards better farming. This better farming will have as a prominent feature the adoption of a better system by which the entire capital invested may be kept active during the greater part of the time. A lack of sufficient money capital is probably the one great defect of western farming, but coupled with this is often found a system of farming by which a large part of the capital employed is unproductive during much of the year. Whenever a field is allowed to lie idle or produces but half a crop, it is capital lying idle or only half employed. Whenever new teams and tools are employed for but half the year, there is lack of full use for an important part of the farmer's capital."

The best farmers in any vicinity are among our most effective teachers of improved agriculture. The neighboring farmers, the casual visitors, even the passers-by on the highway, get more or less valuable lessons. They may not put them in practice at once; they may even have a laugh or sneer for the instructor; but, sooner or later, successful practice secures imitation. Making more money than his neighbors do is the surest possible mode of inducing them to adopt his system of management. The influence of even a single intelligent, enterprising farmer in a community may be incalculable in its good effects.

Grape Culture Under Glass.

At this day, when so many new vocations are being discovered which are suitable and fitted for the labors of the weaker sex, the one of cultivating the ground in its lighter form has been variously presented to them for their acceptance. Among other branches of this kind of employment is the one of raising foreign grapes under glass, now extensively pursued in different parts of the United States adjacent to the large cities, and of which an account of the success of a lady residing in this locality may not be devoid of interest.

Some sixteen or eighteen years ago a tract of land of some five or six acres, situated on the southern suburb of the borough, was purchased by Hettie B. Trimble, who took up her residence in a substantial stone farm house standing thereon, and forthwith proceeded to carry into execution her plans for the cultivation of small fruit and hothouse grapes.

Starting in a small way, and depending principally on her own labor for the more important portion of the work, her progress was at first necessarily slow, but with patience and careful attention to her chosen pursuit, of which she made a study, her efforts were rewarded with success, and her subsequent record shows how well a woman can manage business.

At the present time Miss Trimble has upward of three hundred feet of grape houses if they were placed side by side in a continuous line, but as they have been constructed at various times they are of different dimensions, although the lean-to plan seems to be the one generally adopted, being the manner in which the latest addition, which is 150 feet in length, has been erected.

The principal varieties of grapes contained in these houses are the black Hamburg and Bowood muscat, though quite a number of other kinds are represented, including the muscat of Alexandre and the Barbarosa, the producer of immense bunches.

The forcing of the grape vines began in December, from which time a regular temperature is preserved in the houses until the fruit is sufficiently matured for market, which varies somewhat from year to year, the latter part of April being the earliest time when such a condition has been reached, though generally not until May and June. The blossoming, which occurs about two months after the application of artificial heat, is a very critical stage in the growth of the grape, and great care is taken at that period that no sudden lowering of the temperature shall endanger the prospects of the crop.

During the setting of the fruit the labor is incessant in thinning out the young grapes, tieing up the bunches and keeping the vines trimmed so as to throw the vigor into the fruit, and it is here that the delicate touch of woman is particularly effective where the clumsy movements of an ordinary laborer would soon destroy much more than his services would amount to.

This department is particularly under Miss Trimble's own supervision, and the skill and judgment which she has shown in training and thinning the bunches has given her fruit an extensive reputation. New York and Philadelphia furnish the chief markets for the productions of this grapery, the former city taking the greater portion of later years, though during the Centennial nearly all she could raise found purchasers in Philadelphia, while the prices realized run from $1 to $1 per pound, according to crop and the course of the season. Her experience, like that of persons in other branches of business, has been that the best articles command the highest prices, and with this end in view she has succeeded in producing some of the most perfect fruit ever sent to market, one bunch of the Barbarosa grape, which was grown last year, weighing eleven pounds.

This occupation has been found by Miss Trimble to be of a very congenial nature, and she is never happier than when engaged among her fruit and watching its various changes from day to day, while the exercise it affords is of such a healthful nature that its rewards are twofold.—*Phila. Record.*

A current paragraph chronicles the forced termination of a long-continued law suit between two neighboring farmers in Indiana, all about the contested ownership of a cow bell, worth twenty-five cents. Not being able to pay fees any longer, the lawyers refused to serve in the case, and the litigants were compelled to compromise, which they did by each agreeing to pay his own costs, which amounted to over $1,500 a side. It is added that both men are impoverished.

Experience in Potato Culture.

Mr. Milo Lucerne Smith, of Northampton, Mass., who has grown from five to fourteen acres of potatoes annually for the last eighteen years, with an average yield, as the records show, of 218 bushels per acre, recently favored the Franklin Harvest Club with an instructive discourse of his methods of cultivation. We glean some points of general interest for readers from the New York *Tribune*, borrowing liberally from the report of the Springfield *Republican*, which declares that Mr. Smith and his father have raised and sold more of "the fruit that grows at the root" than any other family in the Valley of the Connecticut. The best soil for the potato, according to his observation and experience, is a sandy loam, and it should be sod or stubble ground. Well-rotted compost is the best manure, but ashes, dry fish and potash are good specials. Unfermented manure is apt to make the tubers scabby.

His experiment last year resulted as follows per acre: Twenty loads of compost, worth $40, yielded 333½ bushels; Phelps Stockbride special, cost $21, yielded 266½ bushels; dry fish and leached ashes, cost $19.33, yielded 287 bushels; dry fish alone, cost $13.33, yielded 217 bushels; sea fowl, cost $10, yielded 210 bushels. Mr. Smith would plant both the early and late varieties as soon as the ground will admit, and plant them in hills from two to three feet apart, varying with the rankness of the tops, and have the rows three feet apart. He would cover them about three inches deep. The seed should be the finest and best specimens of the crop, and not the unmerchantable as is often the case. He would cut the potatoes so that each piece should have from two to four eyes, and put only one piece in a hill. Three vigorous stalks in a hill are better than half a dozen. He cultivates carefully, harrowing the ground on a dry day just as the tubers break ground, then covering them with a ridger when about three inches high, then using a cultivator, and lastly a double mould-board plow, and sometimes a hand hoe, or pulling out weeds after haying.

They should be dug on a dry day, when tops are dead, with a six-tined hook, and one hour of exposure is sufficient. Those early dug keep best. He had stored them in a bin twelve feet wide and about four feet deep with safety. Paris green, a teaspoonful to a pail of water, is the most effectual remedy for the bug, but for the blight and rot he knows no remedy. The best variety, in his judgment, is the Snowflake, equal to the Carter, but it is not a large yielder—about a third less than the Early Rose. The Early Rose is good both early and late, but it is on the wane. Peerless is a good market potato, yielding sometime within 340 bushels per acre. It takes by his method from four to six bushels of seed per acre. It was said that fifty years ago the farmers raised crops of from four to five hundred bushels per acre by turning over a patch of sod after the other planting was finished, planting potatoes and going through them once or twice with a hoe. New ground is not quite so plenty now, and possibly this accounts for smaller crops.

Seasonable Hints.

The vitality of seeds may be tested by placing a sample of almost any of the larger kind of seeds or grains upon a hot pan or griddle. When the seeds are good and the vitality is perfect the specimen will crack or pop open with more or less noise; on the other hand, if the seed is not good, or its vitality defective, it will remain still and burn. This is a much quicker and surer way of testing seed than to plant in earth or warm water. To test them in this way it is not necessary that the seed be perfectly dry, although they should not be too moist. Seeds should not be kept too dry; an airy but moderately dry quarter garret is the best place to keep them.

A box 20 inches square and 16½ inches deep will hold one barrel (3 bushels).

A box 15 inches square and 13½ inches deep will hold half a barrel (1½ bushels.)

A box 17 by 7 inches and 9 inches deep will hold one-third of a barrel (1 bushel).

A box 10 by 12 inches and 9 inches deep will hold one-sixth of a barrel (½ bushel.)

A box 8 by 8 inches and 9 inches deep will hold one peck.

A box 8 by 8 inches and 4 3-16 inches deep will hold one gallon, dry measure.

The quantity of seed per acre required for different crops is as follows:

Wheat per acre, broadcast, 1¾ to 2 bushels; drilled, 1½ bushels.
Rye, broadcast, 1¾ bushels; drilled, 1½ bushels.
Barley, broadcast, 2 to 2½ bushels; drilled, 1½ to 2 bushels.
Oats, broadcast, 2 to 3 bushels; drilled, 2 bushels.
Timothy, 1½ to 2 gallons.
Red clover, when sown with timothy, 2½ to 3 gallons; when sown without timothy, 3 to 4 gallons.
Herds grass, 15 to 20 pounds.
Blue grass, 21 to 28 pounds.
Lucern, drilled, 10 pounds.
Millet, ¾ to 1 bushel.
Corn in hill, 1 to 1½ gallons.
Sorghum, 1 to 2 quarts.
Buckwheat, 1 bushel.
Beets, 4 to 6 pounds.
Carrots, 2 to 6 pounds.
Turnips, 1 to 1½ pounds.
Parsnips, 4 to 6 pounds.
Beans, 1 to 1½ bushels.
Potatoes, 12 to 15 bushels.

Household Recipes.

Snow Cream.—Beat the whites of four eggs to a stiff froth, then stir in two tablespoonfuls of sweet wine, a teaspoonful of rose water. This is a nice accompaniment to a desert of sweetmeats.

Honey Sponge Cake.—One large coffee cupful of honey, one cup of flour, five eggs; beat yolks and honey together; beat the whites to a froth; mix all together, stirring as little as possible; flavor with lemon juice or extract.

Honey Lemon Cake.—One cup butter, two cups honey, four eggs well beaten, one teaspoonful essence of lemon, one-half cup sour milk, one teaspoonful soda, flour enough to make it as stiff as can well be stirred; bake at once in a quick oven.

Spiced Corn Beef.—To ten pounds of beef take two cups salt, two cups molasses, two tablespoons saltpetre, one tablespoon ground pepper, one tablespoon cloves; rub well into the beef; turn every day and rub the mixture well into the beef.

Vienna Chocolate.—Put into a coffee pot set in boiling water one quart of new milk, or a pint each of cream and milk, stir into it three heaving tablespoons grated chocolate, mixed to a paste with cold milk; let it boil two or three minutes, and serve at once.

Camphor Balls.—Clarify a pound of mutton suet and add to it three pounds of spermaceti, two of white wax and one of gum camphor cut into very small pieces. Melt these together with gentle heat, and stir until the camphor is dissolved, then pour it into moulds. Good for rough hands.

Fried Oysters.—Have ready a skillet and boiling lard; dip your oysters one at a time in beaten yolk of egg; then in grated bread crumbs; lastly in sifted meal, and then drop into the lard. Turn, and allow them to become only slightly browned. Drain upon a sieve, and send to table hot.

Cream Fritters.—Mix a pint and a half of wheat flour with a pint of milk, beat six eggs to a froth and stir them into the flour; grate in half a nutmeg, add a pint of cream, a couple of teaspoonfuls of salt. Stir the whole just long enough to have the cream get well mixed in, then fry the mixture in small cakes.

Onions for Croup.—A lady who speaks from experience says that probably nine children out of ten who die from croup might be saved by the timely application of roast onions, mashed, laid upon a folded napkin, and goose oil, sweet oil or even lard poured on and applied as warm as can be borne comfortably by the throat and upper part of the chest, and to the feet and hands.

Pathenia Pudding.—One quart of milk, five eggs, five tablespoonfuls of flour; bring the milk to a boil, reserving enough to wet the flour; then stir in the wet flour while hot; when cool stir in the beaten eggs, reserving the whites of two; bake one-half hour, and when cool spread over an icing made from the beaten whites and powdered sugar.

Honey Fruit Cake.—Four eggs, five cups of flour, two cups of honey, one teacupful of butter, one cup sweet milk, two teaspoonfuls cream of tartar, one teaspoonful soda, one pound rasins, one pound currants, one-half pound citron, one teaspoonful of each cloves, cinnamon and nutmeg. Bake in a large loaf in a slow oven. This will be nice months after baking, as well as when fresh.

Prince Albert's Pudding.—Beat to a cream one-half pound fresh butter, and mix with an equal weight of fine white sugar. Add to these first the yolks and then the whites of five eggs, which have been thoroughly beaten apart; throw in lightly one-half pound fine flour and one half pound stoned raisins. Put these ingredients, well mixed into a buttered mould or floured cloth, and boil for three hours. Serve with sweet sauce.

Turkey Hash.—Chop quite fine two good sized onions; put in a hot frying pan, with enough beef dripping and butter to fry them till tender; then add a pint and a half of chopped turkey, with salt and pepper to taste, and a little thyme; add boiling water to moisten, without making much gravy; a very little browned flour sifted in and stirred. Boil it up and serve; or it may be turned over half slices of buttered toast.

Spiced Mountain Cake.—To the yolks of five eggs, well beaten, add one cup of sugar, one-half cup butter, one-half cup sweet milk, one teaspoonful ground cinnamon, one teaspoonful grated nutmeg, then the whites of two eggs well beaten, one and a half cups of flour, having in it one measure Banner baking powder: bake it in jelly cake pans; when cold spread each layer with an inch made of the whites of three eggs beaten stiff, and one and a half cups of powdered sugar.

Poor Man's Plum Pudding.—Take three cups of flour, one cup chopped suet, one cup stoned raisins, one-third cup molasses, one cup milk, half teaspoonful salt, one teaspoonful each of allspice, cinnamon and cloves. Boil three hours. Serve with sauce made as follows: One cup of sugar, one-half cup of butter, one egg, one tablespoonful of flour; beat all together. When ready for the table, pour in two-thirds cup boiling wine. Add nutmeg, grated, and you will have a dish fit for a king, though planned for a poor man.

A New Way to Smoke Hams.—Smoke the barrels in which the hams are to be packed by inverting it over a kettle, containing a slow fire of hard wood, for eight days, keeping water on the head to prevent shrinking; in this barrel pack the hams, and pour over them, after it has cooled, a brine made in the proportion of four gallons of water, eight pounds of salt and five pints of molasses, and four ounces of saltpetre, boiled and skimmed in the usual manner. They will be cured in eight or nine days, and they may be kept in the pickel for a year without damage.

Bread Sauce for a Roast Fowl.—Chop a small onion fine, and boil it in a pint of milk for five minutes; then add about ten ounces of bread crumbs, a bit of butter, pepper, and salt to season; stir the whole on the fire for ten minutes. Do not let it boil.

A correspondent informs us that while on a visit in the fall to a friend he was surprised to see the number of eggs he obtained daily. He had but sixteen hens and the product per diem averaged thirteen eggs. He had been in the habit of giving on every alternate day a teaspoonful and a quarter of cayenne pepper, mixed with soft food, and took care that each hen obtained her share. The experiment of omitting the pepper was tried, when it was found that the number of eggs were reduced each trial from five to six daily. Our correspondent believes that the moderate use of this stimulant not only increases the number of eggs, but effectually wards off diseases to which chickens are subject.

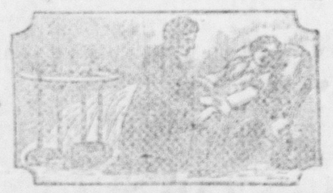
Four turkeys, says an old raiser, were confined in a pen, and fed on meal, boiled potatoes and oats. Four others of the same brood were at the same time confined in another pen, and fed daily on the same article, but with one pint of finely pulverized charcoal mixed with their food—mixed meal and boiled potatoes. They had also a plentiful supply of broken charcoal in their pen. The eight were killed on the same day, and there was a difference of one and a half pounds each in favor of the fowls which had been supplied with charcoal, they being much the fattest, and the meat being superior in point of tenderness and flavor.

A considerable quantity of wrought iron tubing is being shipped from the Etna Iron Works, to California. The works are now giving employment to about a hundred men.

Medical.

Grace's Celebrated Salve.

A SURE RELIEF FOR THE SUFFERER.



PREPARED BY

SETH W. FOWLE & SONS,

86 HARRISON AVENUE,

BOSTON, MASS.

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE

Is a Vegetable Preparation

invented in the 17th century by Dr. William Grace, Surgeon in King James' army. Through its agency he cured thousands of the most serious sores and wounds that baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians of his day, and was regarded by all who knew him as a public benefactor.

Price 25 Cents a Box.

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE

CURES

flesh wounds,	frozen limbs,	salt rheum,
chilblains,	sore breast,	sore lips,
erysipelas,	ringworms,	scald head,
chapped hands,	burns,	cancers,
felons,	scalds,	sores,
ulcers,	wounds,	stings,
shingles,	festers,	wens,
stiles,	piles,	abcess,
freckles,	bunions,	sprains,
boils,	bites,	cuts,
whitlows	warts,	blisters,
tan,	pimples,	corns,
scurvy,	itch,	ingrowing nails,
nettle rash,	mosquito and flea bites,	spider stings.

And all cutaneous diseases and eruptions generally.

For sale by all druggists, grocers, and at all country stores throughout the United States and British Provinces. Price by mail 30 cents. 19-33-1y

Clothing.

WM. S. TRIPPLE.

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Spring Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

FASHIONABLE SUITS

MADE TO ORDER AT

LOW CASH PRICES.

v5 12-1

Watchmaker.

WATCHMAKER'S

REMOVAL.

F. C. RICHARD

takes this opportunity to inform his friends that he has removed to the building opposite Bush's Arcade, next door to Deschner's gun store, on High street.

At his new store he has increased facilities for doing business, and guarantees entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Clocks, watches and jewelry repaired on short notice. 7-8-tf

Plumbing and Gas Fitting.

WM. S. GALBRAITH,

PLUMBER,

GAS AND STEAM FITTER.

We pay particular attention to heating buildings by steam. Copper smithing and re-bronzing old gas fixtures done neatly and expeditiously. All our work warranted to give perfect satisfaction. W. S. GALBRAITH,

7-tf. Bellefonte, Pa.

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PHILIP TEATS, who has had large experience as an Auctioneer, offers his services to the people of Centre county.

He speaks German and English,

and possesses the invaluable gift in an auctioneer of a loud, clear voice, and can be distinctly heard a long distance. Those having work of this kind to do will do well to give him a call. Charges moderate. Call on or address him at Bellefonte, Pa. 12-1y

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ASSETS OVER $5,000,000.00.

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METROPOLITAN LIFE, of New York.
PRESBYTERIAN LIFE, of Philadelphia, Pa.

vol 11-1-6m

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INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength and security, at standard rates.

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Representing a number of the Best and Safest companies. Horses insured against Theft, death, or accident.

Office in the Conard House with DAVID W. FORTNEY, Esq. v2n14

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DAILY PAPERS & PERIODICALS.

11-6

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THE PEOPLE'S

Cash Store,

STATE COLLEGE, PA.,

where can always be found a full line of

FRESH GROCERIES,

CONSISTING OF

Syrups, Canned goods of all kinds
Sugars, Corned Beef,
Teas, Bologna Sausage,
Coffees, Cured Hams,
Prunes, Hominy,
Pearl Barley,
Alden's Aup'd Pears,
Dried Sugar Corn, Catsup,
Pared and Unpared Peaches,
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Cracked Wheat and Oat Meal,
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A FULL LINE OF FINE

CONFECTIONERIES and NUTS.

Cream Chocolates, Caramels,
French Mixtures, Gum Drops,
and pastes of all kinds.
CHICAGO CARAMELS A Specialty.
Paper-Shelled Almonds,
English Walnuts, Butter Nuts,
California Peanuts, Filberts,
Pecans, Raisins, Dates, Figs, &c., &c.

Full line of Fresh Family Drugs, Patent Medicines, Perfumeries, Fancy Soaps, and toilet articles generally.

BEST BRANDS OF SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCO.

Cigars Wholesale and Retail!

Oysters Received Fresh twice a week.

Highest prices paid for country produce.

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PAINTERS.

DOAK & LONBERGER,

Painters, Paper Hangers and Kalsominers will attend promptly to all orders in their line of business, addressed to them by mail or left at the REPUBLICAN office. 9 23-1y

Political Notes.

In this solemn and perplexing crisis the Democratic caucus cannot do a wiser thing than to put itself under the motherly care of Soothing Syrup Davis. There is nothing like it for wind-colic.

There was an ex-rebel named Hill,
Who said, "Hayes will veto the bill,
And so for the sake
Of our cause, I will make
A face at Zach Chandler, I will."

Ben Hill gave the chronic Southern excuse for all blunders and crimes when he declared that a large number of Southerners stood out against secession till they were forced to submit. That is the South's present excuse for trying to coerce the President.

Forty thousand dollars is about the amount which the country saves every day in the matter of interest alone as a result of the funding operations so triumphantly carried through by Secretary Sherman.

Governor Collum, of Illinois, has sent an enthusiastic letter to the President, commending his veto of the Army bill, and assuring him that the people of Illinois, and of the whole West, applaud his refusal to abdicate the powers conferred upon him by the Constitution, and believe they can rely upon him to still resist the threatened encroachments upon his prerogatives, and upon the liberties of the people as represented and embodied in the Executive. The Governor speaks for the whole West, but he might have said the same thing of the whole North without danger of erring.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

Louisa M. Alcott has just written two short stories in one, entitled "Two Little Travelers,"—one is about a little girl who became almost a saint in the esteem of some Portugese little girls living on the lonely island of Fayal, Azores; and the other about a tiny five-year-old tot, who journeyed all by herself over more than four thousand miles of continent and ocean. One of the many charms of these tales is that they are true. They will be printed in the June number of *St. Nicholas*.

The First installment of "Madame Bonaparte's letters from Europe," contributed by Mr. E. L. Didier, will appear in *Scribner's* for June. These letters were written between the years 1805 33; they are connected by the theme of Mme. Bonaparte's aspirations for a royal marriage for her son, and give frequent glimpses of the Bonaparte family from behind the scenes. To say that they are characteristic of the writer is a sufficient voucher of their interest.

An edition of the new hymn and tune book, "Spiritual Songs," designed for use in social meetings, is announced by Scribner & Co., and is now ready. It is thought that a volume of 250 pages, containing the hymns and tunes of this work best adapted to social worship, handsomely bound, and selling for 75 cents (with a discount of 20 per cent. to churches), will be heartily welcomed by many denominations.

READING NOTICES.

E. F. Kunkle's Bitter Wine of Iron.

Has never been known to fail in the cure of weakness, attended with symtoms, indisposition to exertion, loss of memory, difficulty of breathing, general weakness, horror of disease, weak, nervous trembling, dreadful horror of death, nightsweats, cold feet, weakness, dimness of vision, languor, universal lassitude of the muscular system, enormous appetite, with dyspeptic system, hot hands, flushing of the body, dryness of the skin, pallid countenance and eruptions on the face, purifying the blood, pain in the back, heaviness of the eyelids, frequent black spots flying before the eyes, with temporary suffusion and loss of sight; want of attention, etc. These symtoms all arise from a weakness, and to remedy that, use E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron. It never fails. Thousands are now enjoying health who have used it. Get the genuine. Sold only in $1 bottles. Take only E. F. Kunkel's.

Ask for Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron. This truly valuable tonic has been so thoroughly tested by all classes of the community that it is now deemed indispensable as a Tonic medicine. It costs but little, purifies the blood, and gives tone to the stomach, renovates the system and prolongs life.

I now ask a trial of this valuable tonic. Price $1 per bottle. E. F. KUNKEL, Sole Proprietor, No. 259 North Ninth St., below Vine, Philadelphia, Pa. Ask for Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron, and take no other. A photograph of the proprietor on each wrapper, all others are counterfeit.

Beware of counterfeits. Do not let your druggist sell you any but Kunkel's, which is put up only as above represented. You can get six bottles for $5. All I ask is one simple trial.

Tape Worm Removed Alive.

Head and all complete in two hours. No fee till head passes. Seat, Pin and Stomach Worms removed by Dr. KUNKEL, 259 North Ninth St. Advice free. No fee until head and all passes in one, and alive. Dr. Kunkel is the only successful physician in this country for the Removal of Worms, and his Worm Syrup is pleasant and safe for children or grown persons. Send for circular or ask for a bottle of KUNKEL'S WORM SYRUP. Price $1 per bottle. Get it of your druggist. It never fails. 21-4w

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PHILAD'A.
Opposite Academy of Fine Arts; three squares from Academy of Music; one square from Public Buildings and Masonic Temple.
18-1y JOEL HUTTON, Proprietor.

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is the title of a new Pamphlet of 72 pages. It contains the biography of all the **Presidents** of the United States from **Washington to Hayes** with their portraits (19 in all) engraved expressly for this work, also 12 portraits of Canadian notabilities. The National Life will be sent to any address by mail, on receipt of 3 cent stamp Address,
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and unimproved railroad lands for sale cheap on long credit, by the general western emigration and real estate agency of the undersigned. Reliable information "how to go and where to go west," the best railroads to travel on at low rates of fare. Maps of lands furnished on personal application or by letter, including stamp, to
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BUY NONE BUT THE GENUINE
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ALL MY WARE IS STAMPED WITH MY NAME, TO PREVENT DECEPTION.
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Made A Specialty By Me.
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Erected and Repaired.
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JAMES HARRIS & CO.,
ARE SELLING VERY LOW
REAPER SECTIONS AND REPAIRS,
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RAKES FORKS, SCYTHES, CRADLES, SPROUT'S HAY FORKS,
ROPE BLOCKS, ETC., ETC.,
As well as all kinds of HARDWARE, to meet all demands in this line. 25

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MYSTERY SOLVED.
SMALL PROFITS
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—AT—
HAMILL & THOMPSON'S
MODEL STORE,
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you will find a large and well selected stock of
DRY GOODS,
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A full line of GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, and everything usually found in a first-class country store, at prices to suit the times.
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CONFECTIONERY & FRUITS,
FRESH AND CHOICE.
We respectfully ask our friends to call and examine our stock, consult your own interest call and be convinced.
HAMILL & THOMPSON.
vol 11-8-3m

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M. S. GRAHAM,
Fashionable Barber,
In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths.* 5 1 1f

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See that each plaster has the word C-A-P-C-I-N-E cut through it, and insist on having no other. Ask your own physician as to its merits over all other.
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P. B. CRIDER & SON.
MANUFACTURERS.
In connection with their Mills in Snow Shoe, Centre county, Pa., they have started
A Retail LUMBER YARD near Duncan Hall & Co.'s Mill, Bellefonte, Pa.,
where they are prepared to fill orders promptly for any kind of BUILDING MATERIAL, FENCING, PAVING, &c. White and Yellow Pine, Oak and Hemlock Plank, Boards, and Building Lumber; Flooring, Ceiling, Siding and Weatherboards, Surfaced Boards and Stripping; Posts, Rails, Pailings and Scantling; Roofing and Plastering Lath, Sheathing and Shingles; Doors, Frames, Sash, Blinds, Shutters and Mouldings.
CELLAR GRATES, WINDOW WEIGHTS AND BRICK; LIME, HAIR, GLASS, NAILS, &c., &c.
☞ A reasonable amount of farm produce taken in exchange 10-16 1y

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PROPRIETORS OF
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PLANING MILL
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Stairs
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Cottage Bedsteads,
Frame Work, and all styles of work generally found in a first-class planing mill.
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ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE
"VIBRATOR"
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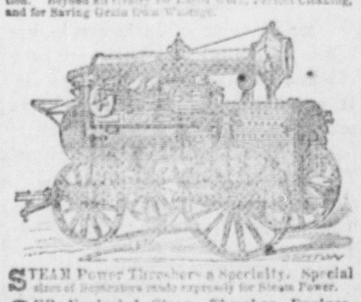
THE Matchless Grain-Saving, Time-Saving, and Money-Saving Threshers of this day and generation. Beyond all rivalry for Handy Work, Perfect Cleaning, and for Saving Grain from Wasting.

STEAM Power Threshers a Specialty. Special sizes of Separators made expressly for Steam Power.
OUR Unrivaled Steam Thresher Engines, both Portable and Traction, with Valuable Improvements, far beyond any other make or kind.
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GRAIN Raisers will not submit to the enormous wastages of Grain and the inferior work done by all other machines, when once posted on the difference.
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MARVELOUS for Simplicity of Parts, using less than one-half the usual Belts and Gears. Makes Clean Work, with no Litterings or Scatterings.
FOUR Sizes of Separators Made, Ranging from Six to Twelve-Horse size, and two styles of Mounted Horse Powers to match.
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LACE WORK.
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PLAIN & FANCY SEWING
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Any person having such work to do can have it done well by Mrs. Haley, and at the same time help a worthy, poor woman. 3-4f

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DR. BUTTS invites all persons suffering from RUPTURE to send him their name and address, and hereby assures them that they will learn something to their advantage —It is Not a Truss.

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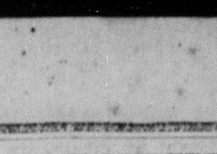
"SEMINAL PASTILLE."


A Valuable Discovery and New Departure in Medical Science, an entirely New and positively effective Remedy for the speedy and permanent Cure of Seminal Emissions and Impotency by the only Rational Way, viz: Direct Application to the principal Seat of the Disease, acting by Absorption, and carrying its specific influence on the Seminal Vesicles, Ejaculatory Ducts, Prostate Gland and Urethra. The use of the Remedy is attended with no pain or inconvenience, it is quickly absorbed and soon absorbed, producing an immediate soothing and restorative effect upon the sexual and nervous organs, wrecked from self-abuse and excesses, stopping the drain from the system, restoring the mind to health and great memory, removing the Dimness of Sight, Nervous Debility, Confusion of Ideas, Aversion to Society, etc. etc., and the appearance of premature old age usually accompanying this trouble, and raising perfect Sexual Vigor, where it has been deemed for years. This mode of treatment has stood the test in very severe cases, and is now a pronounced success. Drugs are too much prescribed in these troubles, and, as many can bear witness to, with but little, if any permanent good. There is no nonsense about this preparation. Practical observation enables us to positively guarantee that it will give satisfaction.—During the eight years that it has been in general use, we have thousands of testimonials as to its value, and it is now conceded by the Medical Profession to be the most rational means yet discovered, of reaching and curing this very prevalent trouble, that is well known to be the cause of untold misery to so many, and upon whom quacks prey with their useless instrument and big fees. The Remedy is put up in a neat box, enough for a month, and sent in a plain wrapper by mail, sealed, for $3.—Two boxes (sufficient to effect a permanent cure unless in severe cases), $5.—Three boxes lasting three full months, (will stop emissions and restore vigor, in the worst cases), $7.—Full DIRECTIONS for using will accompany EACH BOX.
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☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only six cents.
The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice that the alarming consequences of Self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.
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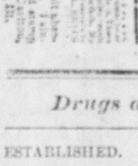
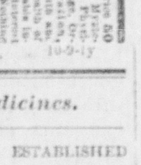
TRADE MARK. The Great TRADE MARK.


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☞ Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or sent free by mail on receipt of the money by addressing
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FOR THEIR MONEY.
My sales are increasing from month to month, which gives me the front rank in trade.
H. K. HICKS,
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Greatest Hardware Store,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
IN CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA.
IS HEAD-QUARTERS FOR HARDWARE IN ALL ITS DETAILS.
STOVES IN ENDLESS VARIETY,
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AND COACHMAKERS' GOODS!
Bear in mind, I don't allow a single clerk to misrepresent anything that is sold out of this house—money refunded if goods do not prove as represented. I allow no party to undersell me. I offer no baits. Come and examine my stock elsewhere—it is a pleasure to me to show goods. All mail orders promptly attended to, and prices sent upon application. 29-3m

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—THE—
BUSH HOUSE!
BELLEFONTE, PA.,
has been thoroughly renovated and repaired, and under the management of the new proprietor, MR. GEORGE HOPPES, formerly of Pittsburgh, is first-class in all its appointments.
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Are offered to those in attendance at COURT, and others remaining in town for a few days at a time.
The Largest and most Superbly Designed Hotel in Central Pennsylvania.
ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES. GO TRY THE BUSH HOUSE.
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Home Industry! Home Industry!!
A VISIT TO THE NEW FARMERS'
BOOT & SHOE STORE
is sufficient to convince everybody that it is the
CHEAPEST AND MOST RELIABLE PLACE IN TOWN.
IT IS NOT SURPASSED IN STYLES AND MATERIALS. THE BEST AND LATEST STYLES OF
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AND SLIPPERS, CAN BE BOUGHT AT
LOUIS DOLL'S,
17-3m BROCKERHOFF ROW, BELLEFONTE.

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HARDWARE,
CHEAPER THAN EVER!
WILSON & McFARLANE
ARE SELLING ALL KINDS OF
Double & Single Parlor Heaters,
COOK STOVES AND RANGES,
LOWER THAN THEY WERE EVER SOLD BEFORE. ALL KINDS OF
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ARE SOLD VERY LOW. They are the only party in this County selling the celebrated
ARMSTRONG'S M'KELVY'S PURE WHITE LEAD.
GUARANTEED STRICTLY PURE AND BETTER THAN ANY LEAD IN THE MARKET
It will pay one double to buy at the new Hardware Store, Humes' Block Allegheny-street, Bellefonte, Pa.
WILSON & McFARLANE.
9 14-tf.

THE BEST IN THE WORLD SOLD BY ALL DEALERS
SO SIMPLE A CHILD CAN USE IT.
WHITE SEWING MACHINE
$1500.00 CASH TO AGENTS
WARRANTED FOR 3 YEARS
BEWARE OF BOGUS DEALERS AND DEFACED NUMBERS
NOTICE OUR GENUINE NUMBER ON SHUTTLE RACE-PLATE.
FOR PARTICULARS ADDRESS:
WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO. CLEVELAND, OHIO.

Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

Local Department.

CARD.

Owing to the general reduction in prices of all commodities, we saw fit, about the last of March, to reduce prices on all classes of general merchandise, and, among others, we placed Arabuckle's coffee at 18½ cents—a reduction of 6½ cents per pound over all others—since which an effort was made by a combination of merchants to keep us from getting these coffees. We wish to notify the community generally that we are ready to fill all calls for Arabuckle's coffee, or any other goods in our line, at published prices, all comments to the contrary notwithstanding. S. & A. LOEB.

—See the elephant?

—Croquet is popular.

—Best cigars sold at Green's.

—The hose of Undine Co. was oiled last week.

—Judge Irwin's new office is assuming shape.

—Noses have they, but they smell not—teakettles.

—Miss Ida Landis is trimming hats at Lyon & Co.'s store.

—Another lot of $2.40 suits and 23-cent hats at Newman's. 20-tf

—The colored band is being reorganized. Aid the enterprise.

—The Turner murder case will be tried at Lock Haven in September.

—Hon. L. A. Mackey took tea at the Bush House on Friday evening.

—An adjourned court has been ordered for the 4th Monday of June.

—Dr. Glenn, of Snow Shoe, has removed to Reedsville, Mifflin county.

—E. M. Valentine, Esq., of Philadelphia, came to town last Wednesday.

—General James A. Beaver will be the orator of the day at Indiana on the 30th inst.

—Suits made to order out of all wool Cassimere at Newman's for $12. All work warranted. 20-tf

—It seems to us that the Clearfield County *Times* has been enlarged, and now sports a patent inside.

—James W. and C. D. McAfferty are home from West Virginia visiting their mother, who is very ill.

—Mercury rises. So does the young man who sits within ten feet of an energetic "yaller jacket's" nest.

—Saratoga water on draught, just as it came from the spring, for sale at Green's for only 5 cents a glass.

—Postmaster Harris, of Lock Haven has sold over $45,000 worth of the ten-dollar refunding certificates.

—Judge Orvis was fishing last week, and on Sunday morning a number of his friends enjoyed a trout breakfast.

—Some person is warning the people to look out for a hot wave. Seems to us that it is nigh onto us at present.

—A fine assortment of violin strings, bridges, bow hair, pegs and violoncello strings just received at Green's.

—J. Irwin Hagerman attended the Clinton county court last week as reporter. He is in Clearfield this week.

—About six hundred cords of wood belonging to the Howard Iron Works have been destroyed by mountain fires.

—The celebrated "Arctic" fountain is now sending forth its delicious beverages at Green's drug store. Try it.

—Amos Mullen, Cal. Harper, Dr. Geissinger and P. Gray Meek are out on a fishing excursion on the Alleghenies.

—Have you tried the new temperance beverage? It is called "Bowder's birch beer," and is sold at Green's.

—We know of several parties who walked twelve miles last Friday morning before seven o'clock to see the circus.

—Powers wants it distinctly understood that he is the champion in the the boot and shoe trade. Call and be convinced.

—John Anderson, Esq., has returned from Pittsburg where he attended court as witness on a commonpleas suit.

—The circus people were well pleased with their hotel accommodations. So is everybody who stops at the Bush House.

—Mr. G. A. Beckley, representing the wholesale drug house of Harris & Ewing, Pittsburg, Pa., called upon our merchants last Thursday.

—We are indebted to Hon. C. T. Alexander for a copy of Smull's Legislative Hand Book for 1879. It is a valuable book of statistics.

—That generous young man who gives money away was around on circus day. We didn't learn the exact number of people who were swindled.

Mountain Fires.

The late rain had the effect of quenching the extensive fires that raged on the Alleghenies last week. From Snow Shoe down to Beech Creek, the conflagration swept away much of value, and the scenes at times were terribly grand to behold. Thousands of acres have been scorched, and there is no telling what damage might have resulted had not the rain interfered.

The Poorman dam, belonging to the Big Sandy Improvement company, was destroyed, and a part of Hayes' dam, some distance from Beech Creek village, was partially burned. Geo. Boak lost one mile of log slides and a lot of timber. P. B. Crider & Son lost one-half mile of tram railway and 60 cords of cut wood.

A correspondent of the *Watchman*, writing from Howard, says that men were out night and day to the right and left of that town, trying to protect young timber, fences, etc. The Hoy mill, in the narrows between Howard and Jacksonville, narrowly escaped destruction.

Fires raged in Brush Valley, and much valuable young timber was injured. On Tussey mountain, near Pine Grove Mills, the fire raged for several days, and the timber for a distance of twelve miles suffered very heavily. In the barrens back of Stormstown thousands of acres were burned over, but with what loss we did not hear.

—The Philipsburg *Journal* says that on Monday morning of last week, as Mr. E. M. Sturdevant was on his way to Beaver Mills, riding in his sulky, a stick was suddenly thrown against the horse by the sulky wheel, causing the animal to kick, striking Mr. Sturdevant's right leg, a few inches above the ankle, causing a compound fracture, both bones being broken by the blow. He continued to the end of his journey, distant some four or five miles, and when the boot was removed from the injured limb, the bone was found protruding through the flesh. Having to send to Philipsburg for surgical aid some time elapsed before the wound was properly cared for. During the day Mr. Sturdevant was brought to his home and is now getting along as well as can be expected.

—A slight change has been made in the Snow Shoe railroad schedule. The Snow Shoe mail, which formerly left Bellefonte at 10:20 a. m., now leaves at 10:14—just six minutes earlier. An additional freight train has been put on, which reaches Bellefonte at 11:20 a. m. and leaves at 2 p. m. This train was put on in order that the coal and coke from Snow Shoe may be taken east on the Bald Eagle freight, which goes to Lock Haven in the forenoon.

—Rev. Crittenden, the Sunday-school missionary, spent last Sunday forenoon with the Beaver Mills Sunday-school, and he reports as having had a very enjoyable time. The cause is active at that place, and the prospects for good results excellent. In the afternoon Mr. Crittenden attended the Bell Grove school, back of Unionville. This school is also in good condition.

—J. Newman, Jr., the King Clothier, don't humbug the people by telling them that he is selling at cost. But he positively asserts that he is selling better goods for less money than those who advertise at cost. A call at his famous Eagle Clothing Hall will convince you of the fact. He has pants at 40 cents, hats at 23 cents, shirts at 25 cents, and everything in proportion. 14 tf

—McCoy and Linn's iron works have been undergoing some thorough repairs. The water wheels have been changed somewhat so as to increase the power, the heating furnace has been rebuilt, and a new hearth has been put in at the blast furnace. This firm has been unusually busy since the first of the year, and the prospects are that this business activity will continue.

—Miss Fannie E. Hamlin, corresponding secretary of the Ladies' and Pastors' Christian Union, will lecture in the lecture room of the M. E. church to-night at 7½ o'clock p. m. Miss Hamlin has quite a reputation as a lecturer, and we can recommend her to the public. No admission fee will be charged.

—The towns and villages along the Tyrone and Clearfield road are much pleased with the new schedule, which gives a passenger train from Tyrone in the evening. It arrives at Philipsburg from Clearfield at 6:29 a. m., and from Tyrone at 8:42 p. m.

—Recorder Tobias, Penn Bigony, Howard Lingle and his friend sallied forth one morning last week at the hour of 3.45 and went trout fishing. The Recorder is satisfied, especially with the getting up part.

The Circus.

Batcheller & Doris' railroad show came to town last Friday morning at 7 o'clock and was met at the depot by a large crowd of curious people. By noon, the hour at which the street parade took place, the town was filled with people from the country, who came in to see the elephant. The parade was as good as all such pageants, and everything in connection with the concern looked neat and clean.

A large crowd attended the afternoon entertainment, which was enlivened by a heavy shower. A good many parties inside received a share of the gentle (?) rain, while all the outsiders that couldn't crowd under the refreshment tents were thoroughly soaked. The evening performance passed off smoothly, and no disturbance occurred.

The managers of this show are gentlemanly fellows, but they would be more respected by the public generally if, by some means, they could rid themselves of a set of rascals who surge through the crowd of people and sell tickets for thirty-five cents. The worst feature of this business is that the tickets are not honored by the doorkeeper, which makes out a clear case of fraud. Whether Messrs. Batcheller & Doris are in cahoot with these rascals is more than we can say, but if they are, the whole party should be made to pay the penalty of the law. On Friday afternoon three ladies purchased tickets from these scalpers, but upon presentation at the door, they were not honored. The ladies plead for admission but the doorkeeper would not yield.

—The estate of Caleb Cushing is not so large as was at first reported. It consists chiefly of unpaying property in wild lands at the Missisippi Falls of St. Anthony, the taxes and other expenses on which have exhausted the income for twenty-five years, and of unproductive lands and other property in Virginia and the District of Columbia. Caleb never bought that worthless property of Sechler & Co. They never sell anything that is not worth all that is paid for it. Their thousands of customers for groceries, fruits, tobacco, cigars, queensware, nuts, raisins confectionery, and last but not least, excellent meat, attest the truth of what we say. Call and see them, High St., near depot.

—Mrs. Harriet, well known as "Mother" Ellis, lectured on temperance to a fair assembly in the hall of the Centennial Club last Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings. Her addresses, interesting and full of touching anecdotes, were listened to attentively by the audience. Mrs. Ellis is secretary of the Woman's National Christian Temperance Union, with head-quarters at Philadelphia. She came here, principally, for the purpose of organizing the Ladies' Temperance Union into an auxiliary of the National Union.

—Mr. McCloskey, the Singer sewing machine man, narrowly escaped being seriously injured last Thursday week. While driving along the road a short distance below Zion, the front carriage of his wagon pulled off, and for about two minutes there was a large amount of tumbling around between Mr. McCloskey and the hind part of the wagon and the box. Fortunately he escaped with a black eye and a few slight bruises.

—About twenty different kinds of Sunday-school helps, issued by undenominational publishers, will be exhibited at the Madisonburg Sunday-school convention, which meets to-night. These helps are edited by the best talent of this and foreign countries, and should be introduced into every school in the county.

—Col. J. F. Hoy, a well-known temperance lecturer, delivered an address on Sunday afternoon a week from the Court House. Sunday evening at M. E. church, and Monday evening at the Court House. He is one of the best talkers in the field, always instructs and amuses.

—W. W. Hale, of Philipsburg, is agent for the Messenger Stock Farm, Ky., and has two blooded horses in his stables. Patterson is a bay, foaled in April, 1875, and has a sister whose record is 2:17½. Mambrino Allen is a black and tan horse foaled in April, 1872, and has a good record.

—John Bartruff is building an 18 by 20 addition to his frame dwelling house on Bishop street. Isaac Miller is doing the carpenter work, and Jesse Stewart built the foundation.

—The Centennial Club has 206 members in good standing. Fifty new members have been taken in since January 1, and twelve have been expelled.

—Montgomery Queen, the once prosperous circus proprietor, is now superintending a street car line in Brooklyn.

An Imposter.

His name was Tragle—Walter S. Tragle, and he hailed from Williamsport, where he said his father was proprietor of a file works. Walter came to Bellefonte several months ago, and in appearance he looked like a member of the Grand Army—of tramps. After ingratiating himself into the confidence of a number of our people, he managed to engage in business as a file maker. Being industrious, and gifted with pleasant manners, he secured plenty of work, by which he renewed his wardrobe and put on a good deal of style. But, while he was doing all this, he forgot to pay his bills. These began to pile up against him rapidly, but he put off his creditors by saying, "your bill will be paid next—it is next on the list." Last Friday week Walter was missing, and now his creditors are wondering where he's gone to. A hotel man, a boarding mistress, a grocer, and others have been cheated. Some time ago he brought his younger brother on from Williamsport to work for him, and he went off and left him here without enough money to pay his way home.

—A number of men are digging for gold on the farm of Elias Walborn, in Bethel township, York county. Well, let them dig! But we will wager a "trade dollar" that Sechler & Co., in the Bush House block, will accumulate more gold in six months at their business than those diggers will unearth in a year. The reason we think so is because everybody trades there, and the reason everybody trades there is because he sells the best goods in the market, and for the lowest prices, when cash is paid or only a short term of credit asked. No merchant can afford to sell goods low when he has to charge them upon his books and then wait one, two or three years for his pay. He has the trouble and expense of charging, perhaps has to employ a book keeper, then he looses some bills. Who do our readers suppose has to pay for these losses to those merchants who run long accounts? Not the man who pays cash, but the man who asks credit, for the simple reason that when he asks credit he places himself in such a position that he cannot demand goods at the lowest cash prices. If he did he would not get them soon, for no merchant that gives credit can afford to sell as low as you can buy at Sechler's for cash. Don't forget it.

—Powers & Son, the boot and shoe men, believe in advertising their business. They have put up two new signs, so that "he who runs may read." The one across the sidewalk was lettered by John Irwin, and he made a neat job of it. The other sign is a mammoth shoe, made of real leather. It is nearly three feet long, fourteen inches wide at the ball of the foot, and nine inches across the heel. This big "understanding" measures two feet in height, two and one-half across the instep and two feet at the toe, and weighs twenty-five pounds. While taking its dimensions we did not have string enough to take the heel measurements.

—Mr. G. Betz, of Jacksonville, has a fine family relic in the shape of a chicken that is twenty-five years old. It raises two set of young chicks every summer, and has no signs of being willing to go to chicken heaven. This chicken has been in the family almost all of its life, having been handed down from one person to another.

—Mr. Rodgers, engineer at the water works, has made some important improvements about the boiler and he says it can now be kept heated with one-half as much coal, and that no extraordinary repairs will have to be made for some time.

—On Monday of last week, as Mr. George R. Boak was going to the funeral of a neighbor of Pine Glenn, the yoke of the carriage pole broke, the horses ran away, and the occupants all more or less injured. The carriage was pretty badly smashed.

—Ex-Sheriff Kline and family left on Monday for Iowa, where they will remain about two months. We wish Mr. Kline and family a good time. The REPUBLICAN will be sent to them regularly.

—The members of Logan Hose are living in anticipation of having a good time in Altoona on the 4th of July next. We are certain that the boys will be right royally entertained.

—For the twenty-four hours ending last Thursday at 6 P. M., the steam and water pumps at the water works forced into the reservoir 367,000 gallons of water.

—Lock Haven is being terribly scourged with scarlet fever. It is often fatal with young folks.

—'Squire Hess, of Philipsburg, was at one time a resident of Potter twp.

Sad and Fatal Accident.

On Sunday evening, the 11th inst., a peculiarly sad accident happened near the residence of Daniel Bitner, Esq., Liberty township. Miss Ella, daughter of Joseph DeHaas, Esq., and her brother attended divine service at Eagleville church in the evening, and were returning home, when a mishap occurred that resulted in the death of Miss Ella. When near the residence of Mr. Bitner, the horse began kicking, from no apparent cause, and Miss DeHaas either jumped or was thrown out of the vehicle. Upon being taken up, she was found to be insensible. In this condition she was taken to Mr. Bitner's residence, where every effort was made to revive her. All remedies failed, however, and at four o'clock on Monday morning, the immortal fled from the mortal, and Miss DeHaas was dead.

Deceased was a most estimable young lady, and a school teacher by profession. At the time of her death, two of her sisters were teaching school in Clinton county, and one was in attendance at the Lock Haven Normal school.

—From headquarters of the Grand Army of the Republic is being issued a circular to Posts of that order relating to Decoration Day. The circular requests Posts to see that the original purpose of the day be not forgotten, and that the ceremony be preserved in all its beauty and simplicity as far as possible, and to discountenance and oppose everything that tends to detract from the solemn significance of the day and its proper observation. The associations of the day are too sad and its memories too sacred to permit it to be made a day of sport or festivities. It is requested that flags hoisted upon that day be at half-mast.

—Somebody shot Geo. Van Tries's black and tan dog last Monday morning. The shot was not a fatal one, however. George passed us on Water street, carrying the dog in his arms, with the evident determination that he should not go to the land where good dog spirits go—at least for the present—if he could help it.—*Watchman.* But the best part of the story is this: the dog that George carried home wasn't his. Much to his surprise, when he was about to put the wounded canine in a place of safety, his own dearly beloved "dorg" came waltzing up in the best of health. So says a friend.

—Col. Wolf, of Wolf's Store, informed us a few days since that he would remove to Florida in July or August. The Colonel is bothered with rheumatism, and thinks the change of climate will do him good. In January last he paid a visit to the land of flowers and fruit.

—Powers, the extensive dealer in boots and shoes, still keeps the lead in supplying the people with boots and shoes. His stock is large, well-selected, and cannot be excelled in any particular. Powers' prices lead everything in low figures, and he can suit anybody.

—Associate Judge Quigley, of Beech Creek, Clinton county, trod Bellefonte's boulevards several days last week. Mr. Quigley is one of the ornamental figures that grace the Clinton county bench at an expense of five dollars per day.

—Pittsburg has two copper mills, five foundries, two locomotive works and two bridge works, and Sechler has the best groceries found in Centre county or anywhere else, which he sells low for cash or on short credit.

Mrs. W. A. Morrison, wife of our estimable fellow-townsman, has gone Port Kennedy, Montgomery county, to spend the season with her friends. Mr. Morrison will board at the Bush House during his wife's absence.

—The eleventh annual convention of the Centre County Sabbath-school Association will meet in Madisonburg this evening, and continue in session until Thursday evening. The programme is a good one.

—There will be a race at the Fair Grounds to-morrow between H. H. Kline's horse Tobe and Mart Cooney's horse, Harry. A running race between three horses will also take place at three o'clock.

—John Lyon and John Miller took dinner at the Bush House last Wednesday as the guest of Lawrence Brown, who dressed their salad *a la* Delmoinco.

—Col. Gus Krom now keeps a temperance hotel, where all good people may stop. Frank Crouse has opened a temperance restaurant in the celler.

—Mr. Brooks, a clerk at Valentines, nearly amputated the first finger of his left hand last Thursday, while cutting meat with a large knife.

—George Gross caught 114 suckers last Wednesday in Linn & McCoy's dam.

Ho! For Kansas.

Benjamin Ligget and family, Mathew Adams and family and several others, will start to make their homes in Kansas next Tuesday, the 27th inst. Mr. Shortlidge, agent of the Atchinson, Topeka and Santa Fe R. R., who is furnishing single and round trip tickets at low rates, will probably go with them. First-class round trip tickets to Dodge City or Ellis, Kansas, good for 40 days, for $55; or for a less rate to Beloit. Round trip tickets, first-class, to Colorado Springs or Denver, Col., $84.85, good until October 31st, 1879.

—To owe money and not be able to pay it—that's what makes a man swear Dutch, or any other language that he is best versed in.—*Watchman.* Yes, and chopping wood and making garden causes a man to sing praises and chant psalms all day.

—Attention, Farmers! Don't buy your hay forks until you examine the latest improved. H. K. Hicks has them. 21-2t

—Look at these goods at Newman's—summer caps five cents each. White shirts, linen bosoms and cuffs, 50 cts. each. The finest, largest and cheapest line of dusters in town at Newman's. 20-tf

—The very best meat in town can be found at Sechler's meat store in the Bush House block, opposite the REPUBLICAN office.

—We are agents for Sawyer's Woolen Mills; and also for Kipper's foreign woolens. The finest fabrics. All wool suits to order, *Twelve and one-half Dollars.* 2tf MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

—Four rooms and one dwelling house with eight rooms, on Lamb street, for rent at reasonable rates. Inquire of William Jones, ag't, 1st National Bank. 16 tf

—Have you seen the nice white vests at Newman's for 70 cents. 20-tf

—Chew Jackson's best sweet navy tobacco. vol 11-5-1y

MARRIED.

AMMERMAN—SENSER—At the house of the bride's father, on May 1st, by the Rev. J. B. Shaver, Mr. Alfred G. Ammerman to Miss Laura P. Senser, both of Unionville, Pa.

RIDDLE—PETERS—At the M. E. parsonage in Milesburg, on the 15th inst., by the Rev. J. B. Shaver, Mr. Matthew F. Riddle, of Pleasant Gap, Pa., to Miss Annie S. Peters, of Lena, Ill.

DIED.

BECHTEL.—At Pine Glenn, May 6th, Joseph Bechtel, aged 42 years.

CUT this out and hand it to your neighbor!

BROWN'S DIABETIC CURE,

Established 8 years ago at Green Springs, Sandusky county, Ohio, continues to be the wonder of the age in its marvelous cures of *Diabetes, Diuresis, Gravel,* and all forms of *Kidney* and *Bladder* Diseases. To be convinced, come or send for a circular and sworn testimony. J. L. BROWN, M. D., Physician in charge.

O. J. SHUTTS, S. H. SMITH, Trustees. 11-15-1y

HAPPY VOICES (Copyrighted.)

How glad happy voices,
Like sweet Sabbath bells,
O'er the hills and the vales,
The glad story tells

of the celebrated STAR PARLOR ORGAN, manufactured by Alleger, Bowlby & Co., Washington, N. J. The finest organ for less money than any in the United States. Write to them.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, May 21st 1879.

If we are to be the judge, we will decide that our merchants have no reason to complain of the bulk of their business this spring. We will not decide as to profits, but the presumption is that profits follow or correspond in a fair ratio to the amount of goods disposed of, or in other words, large sales net on the whole fair profits. This, of course, encourages those who are the fortunate realizers.

FLOUR.—The millers are not bragging about the quantity of flour sold, or the prices realized.

GRAIN.—The wheat market is not as firm as a week ago, but prices are about the same. A few days ago, one farmer sold eight hundred bushels of wheat at $1 and on the same day another sold one thousand bushels at $1.05 a bushel. The latter farmer is a subscriber and reader of the REPUBLICAN. The dealer who paid the advance price is an advertiser in the REPUBLICAN. It is doubtful if the first farmer is a subscriber to any paper—he can't afford to pay the regular suscription and hasn't the time to read it if he could afford it. It is unnecessary for us to say that he is a Democrat, as most any reader of the REPUBLICAN would infer the one to be whose wisdom cannot be increased by the aid of a newspaper.

CORN.—We learn that the mills are receiving a portion of their supply from the West.

RYE.—Comes in dribs.

OATS.—The supply for local consumption is about equal to the demand.

QUOTATIONS.

White wheat per bushel	$1 00
Red wheat	1 00
Rye per bushel	50
Corn, cob	45
Corn, shelled	45
Oats new	25
Cloverseed	$3 75@4 00
Flour, retail, per barrel	5 00@5 20
Flour, wholesale	4 50@4 75

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$10 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	8 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	6 50
Short straw per ton	5 50@6 50

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	$ 9 00
Nova Scotia, ground, per ton	10 00

Provision Market.

Corrected weekly by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	10
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	12½
Chickens per pound	8
Cheese per pound	16
Country hams per pound	8
Hams, sugar cured	12½
Bacon	6
Lard per pound	8
Eggs per doz	10
Potatoes per bushel	80
Dried beef	20
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	25
Canned tomatoes per can	12½
Lemons per doz	40
Dried sweet corn per pound	
Small Onions per quart	10